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VOL. XLII., No. 10.

The Solicitors' Journal and Reporter.

LONDON, JANUARY 8, 1898.

* * The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected contributions, and
 copies should be kept of all articles sent by writers who are not on
 the regular staff of the JOURNAL.

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CURRENT TOPICS.

WE PRINT elsewhere the short summary of changes in Land
 Registry practice, entailed by the new Act and Rules, to which
 we referred last week as in course of preparation.

THE APPEAL list for the ensuing sittings contains 165 appeals,
 of which 46 are from the Chancery Division; 4 from the Pro-
 bate, &c., Division; 91 from the Queen's Bench Division; 4
 appeals in bankruptcy; and 20 cases in the New Trial Paper.
 The total of appeals at the commencement of the last sittings
 was 159, and a year ago 127.

IN THE Chancery Division the actions and matters before the
 five judges comprise 200 before NORTH, J.; 166 before STR-
 LING, J.; 99 before KEEWICH, J.; 170 before ROMER, J.; and
 84 before BYRNE, J.; making a total of 719 actions and matters,
 as compared with 748 at the commencement of the last sittings.
 There are 80 winding-up matters before WRIGHT, J.

THE QUEEN'S BENCH lists contain 831 actions entered for trial,
 as against 906 at the commencement of the last sittings and 660
 a year ago.

THE ELEVATION of the Lord Chancellor to an Earldom follows
 the precedent set with regard to Lord CAIRNS and Lord SHE-
 BORNE and several previous Chancellor Earls. There cannot
 be said, however, to have been any settled practice that the
 honour should follow the holding of the office of Chancellor
 more than once. Lord THURLOW held the office twice, Lord
 LYNCHURST three times, and Lord CRANWORTH twice.

THE PRESENT condition of the controversy on the Land
 Transfer Act, 1897, affords a singular commentary on the
 representations which were made by the promoters of that
 measure, that the country was eagerly desirous of obtaining
 compulsory registration of title, and especially on their airy
 assumption that London would gladly consent to be the experi-
 mental area. The London County Council, before coming to
 any decision, very prudently resolved to request the opinion of
 the vestries and other public bodies (including, we understand,
 the Incorporated Law Society) as to the advisability of trying
 the Act within the Metropolitan area; and the result has been

that already several of the leading vestries have pronounced decisively against such trial. The Building Societies Association (as we learn from the *Times*) have stated to the London County Council that it is very undesirable to make the county of London the first district to be experimented on; and we have reason to believe that the report of the Institute of Bankers does not greatly differ in effect. And it is now tolerably well known throughout the country that the Council of the Incorporated Law Society have resolved, in reply to the enquiry of the county council, to report in the same sense. We do not think that this action on the part of the Council should be ascribed to any desire to favour the interests of London members of the Society in opposition to those of country members. The Council being asked to state their opinion on the specific question of whether the experiment should be tried in London, and knowing the almost universal opinion of London solicitors on the subject, could hardly decline to express their view. The facts that the promoters of the Bill have refused to observe the pledge which was given in the House of Commons on their behalf, that the first area should be the county of London exclusive of the City, and have (as Mr. GEDGE's letter to the *Times* shows) violated an undertaking given in the House that no steps should be taken before the 1st of January, 1898, towards putting the provisions of the Act in force, have made a material difference in the views of many of those who at first thought that the understanding as to the London area should be observed.

THE DECISION of BYRNE, J., in *Hunt v. Fripp* (46 W. R. 125) forms an important addition to the series of cases on the power of an undischarged bankrupt to deal with property devolving upon him after the bankruptcy. Under section 44 of the Bankruptcy Act, 1883, such property is divisible among the creditors of the bankrupt, and under section 54 it would seem that it vests in the trustee in bankruptcy; but in pursuance of the construction placed upon the earlier Bankruptcy Acts (see *Herbert v. Sayer*, 5 Q. B. 965) it was held in *Cohen v. Mitchell* (38 W. R. 551, 25 Q. B. D. 262) that, until the trustee intervenes to claim the property, the bankrupt is at liberty to deal with it, and transactions respecting it entered into with any person dealing with the bankrupt *bona fide* and for value, whether with or without knowledge of the bankruptcy, are valid against the trustee. In *Re New Land Development Association v. Gray* (40 W. R. 295, 551; 1892, 2 Ch. 138) it was seen that this doctrine would lead to confusion if it was applied to real property, and freeholds were held to be excluded, though subsequently in *Re Clayton & Barclay* (43 W. R. 549; 1895, 2 Ch. 212) it was decided that this exclusion did not extend to leaseholds. In the case before BYRNE, J., the question arose whether the rule applied so as to protect an assignment by the bankrupt of an equitable interest in a trust fund, the interest having devolved upon him after the commencement of the bankruptcy. *Prima facie* it may be difficult to justify any dealing with property of this nature without the concurrence of the trustee, but the terms in which the rule was laid down in *Cohen v. Mitchell* are clearly wide enough to include it, and it is important, as CHITTY, J., pointed out in *Re Clayton & Barclay*, not to introduce any exception unnecessarily. "Dispositions of personal or other property," said FRY, L.J., in *Cohen v. Mitchell*, "made by the bankrupt to a person who receives them in good faith and for value must be valid"; and Lord ESHER, M.R., in discussing the rule, spoke of "property" without any qualification. Freehold estate has, as just stated, been held to be an exception for reasons incident to the conveyance and vesting of such property, but in declining to extend the exemption to leaseholds, CHITTY, J., intimated very strongly that no further infringement should be made upon the rule, and there seems to be no special reason for exempting from its operation an equitable interest in a trust fund. In *Hunt v. Fripp*, accordingly, BYRNE, J., held that an assignment by the bankrupt of such an interest was protected.

As a condition, however, of the validity of a dealing by an undischarged bankrupt with property which he has acquired since the bankruptcy, it is essential that there should be *bona fides* on the part of the person dealing with the bankrupt. It

will be seen, said Lord ESHER, M.R., in *Cohen v. Mitchell*, from the wording of the rule, "that the stress of *bona fides* is laid entirely and solely on the person dealing with the bankrupt; and if he has dealt in good faith, the question of whether the bankrupt, as between himself and his creditors, is also dealing in good faith is immaterial." It is, of course, an immense advantage to the person seeking to support a transaction of this nature to be relieved of the necessity of entering into the question of the conduct of the bankrupt towards his creditors, and his path is rendered still easier by the decision of BYRNE, J., in *Hunt v. Fripp* (*supra*). To satisfy the requirement of *bona fides* it is sufficient that the party should have been dealing honestly, and his honesty cannot be impugned merely upon the grounds that the trustee in bankruptcy was not informed prior to the transaction that the property in question had devolved upon the bankrupt, and that the party was aware of the trustee's want of information. It seems to follow, indeed, from the object of the rule, which is to give the bankrupt full power over the property until the trustee intervenes, that the party with whom the bankrupt deals shall not be bound to notice in any way the title, whether actual or potential, of the trustee. Of course, until the trustee has notice of the acquisition of the property he can take no steps to intervene, but this does not appear to affect the bankrupt's power of disposition. The requirement of good faith on the part of the person dealing with the property insures that the property shall not be lost to the bankrupt's estate without some adequate consideration, and in this manner the creditors are protected. Under the circumstances of *Hunt v. Fripp*, BYRNE, J., held that the assignees of the bankrupt's interest in the trust fund took it honestly, notwithstanding that they knew that the trustee in bankruptcy was not aware of such interest, and, consequently, since the assignment was valid, they were entitled to call upon the trustees of the fund to pay over the money.

THE LOCAL Government Board are to be congratulated on having begun the new year with the issue of permanent rules for the conduct of elections of local authorities under the Local Government Act, 1894. Up to the present time special rules have been issued relating to these elections in each particular year; the first set of rules being applicable only to the first general elections under the Act, which were held in December, 1894; the second to the general elections in 1896; and the third to those of 1897. In 1895 the Board issued orders applicable to elections to fill casual vacancies in boards of guardians and urban and rural district councils, and further orders to meet the case of elections rendered necessary by the constitution of new urban or rural districts, or by the increase in the number of councillors or guardians for any district or union. These orders of 1895 merely applied the rules of 1894, with the necessary modifications and adaptations. The result was that, while the general elections in each year have been conducted under rules framed with reference to that year only, elections to fill casual vacancies and elections of members of new district councils, and of additional members of boards of guardians and district councils, have been regulated by the rules of 1894 which were obsolete except so far as they were made applicable to these special elections by the orders of 1895. This was unsatisfactory, and considerable skill was required to enable the officials concerned to discover the rules applicable to a given election. The new rules provide both for the ordinary elections and, in the case of district councils and guardians, for the special elections dealt with by the now repealed orders of 1895. In the case of parish councils, casual vacancies are filled by co-optation, and the elections of newly-constituted councils are still regulated by separate orders. The new rules fix the dates for the ordinary annual elections by reference to the calendar: the polls, where necessary, are to be held on the first Monday in April, or, if that is Easter Monday, then on the last Monday in March; and power is, very properly, reserved to the county council of altering the date for special reasons, to the Saturday preceding or the Tuesday or Wednesday following the Monday in question. The annual parish meetings, at which the ordinary elections of parish councillors are concluded where no poll is necessary, are to be held on the first Monday after the 10th of March, or, if Easter Monday falls on the first Monday

in April, then on the first Monday after the 3rd of March; and the county council has a similar power to vary the dates within certain limits. In the case of casual vacancies in district councils and boards of guardians, the clerk to the body in question is to fix the date of the election; in the case of new districts and additional members of existing district councils and boards of guardians, the date is to be fixed by the returning officer for some day within six weeks after the order constituting the district or increasing the number of members comes into operation. As to the general conduct of the elections, the new rules do not appear to differ substantially from the rules under which these elections have hitherto been conducted.

A NOVEL point was raised last week at the Eastbourne police-court. It appears that there is a shooting gallery on the pier, at which, for one penny a shot, persons shoot at a mark for small prizes. It fact it is just such a gallery as may be seen at any seaside place, at any fair, or on any racecourse throughout the country. The attendant, however, at the Eastbourne Pier gallery was summoned by the Inland Revenue authorities for carrying a gun without a licence, contrary to the provisions of the Gun Licence Act, 1870. The terms of this Act are very strict, and the exceptions are very narrow, and are not material to the present case. Section 7 provides that "every person who shall use or carry a gun elsewhere than in a dwelling-house or the curtilage thereof, without having in force a licence duly granted to him under this Act, shall forfeit the sum of ten pounds." Also, by section 2, the term "gun" is defined as including "a firearm of any description, and an air gun, or any other kind of gun from which any shot, bullet, or other missile can be discharged." These words seem extremely plain, and it was held by the High Court in the case of *Campbell v. Hadley* (40 J. P. 756) that a small pocket pistol, seven inches long, which was little more than a mere toy, and was used to shoot a minute shot at a mark, was a "gun" within the meaning of the Act, and that the small boy who was found using the weapon was liable to a penalty for so doing without a licence. If this little pistol was within the Act, it seems quite clear that the guns used in shooting galleries are also within the Act. Hence, to use or carry a gun anywhere except in a dwelling-house or the curtilage thereof seems to be an offence. It is an offence in the proprietor of the gallery, or his assistant, who hands the weapon to the customer. It is also an offence in the latter to use the gun, as he clearly does when he shoots at the mark. Every boy, therefore, who tries his luck in one of these galleries at a country fair is liable to a penalty of ten pounds. This practically means that these galleries are unlawful, and it is surprising to think how long the law has been infringed with the utmost impunity. This conclusion seems almost ridiculous, but it is a plain deduction from the Act, and in the light of the recent proceedings it seems to be the view of the advisers of the Inland Revenue. This view of the law, however, was too much for the common sense of the Eastbourne magistrates, who, apparently, could not believe that it was possible for "old Father Antic, the law," to be so absurd, and so they dismissed the case. If the authorities are in earnest, they will take the opinion of the High Court on the point. If they are not in earnest, then it was a wanton act of oppression to proceed against the Eastbourne gallery. It is submitted that a great many absurdities might be avoided, without loss to the revenue, and with advantage to the public, by substituting for the existing personal licence to carry a gun a small annual tax on every gun used or carried by any person. The first year's tax ought to be payable by the gunmaker who sells the gun, who should be able to recover the amount from the purchaser along with the price. This could not appreciably affect the price of guns of any value, and ought not to injure the gun trade, except in so far as that trade is hurtful to the public. It would, however, materially affect the price of those cheap revolvers and pistols which are bought for a mere trifle, and which are so often heard of in the police-courts and at coroners' inquests. Such a result could hardly fail to be beneficial.

IN ORDER to provide against the acts of a board of directors

being invalid in consequence of some technical irregularity in the appointment of any of its members, it is usual to introduce in the articles of association a clause expressly validating anything done by the board under such circumstances, and, according to the decision of the Court of Appeal in *Dawson v. African, &c., Co. (Limited)* (46 W. R. 132), such a clause will be construed liberally even though it may not be easy to bring the case in question within its exact terms. There the clause, following the common form, provided that all acts done at any meeting of the directors should, notwithstanding that it should be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of the directors or of a person acting as a director, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was qualified to be a director. The articles also provided that the qualification of a director should be the holding of shares of the nominal value of £200, and that the office of a director should be vacated if he ceased to hold the necessary qualification. There were, it appeared, three directors, A., B., and C., all of them originally duly appointed and duly qualified. On the 17th of June last C. transferred all his shares, and he had no qualification till the 23rd, when he again acquired the necessary number of shares. On the 24th he was present with A. and B. at a board meeting and acted as a director. A. and B. had power to fill up any casual vacancy, but they did not pass any resolution reappointing C., and there was, indeed, no evidence that they were aware that he had become disqualified. Subsequently A., B., and C. passed a resolution making a call, and it was contended that this call was invalid by reason of C. being no longer a director. Undoubtedly he had, by the fact of parting with his shares, ceased to be a director, and there had been no express fresh appointment, so that it could be plausibly argued that it was not a case of a mere defect in the appointment which the article could cure. But this technical construction of the article was not accepted by the Court of Appeal. A. and B. did in fact assume C. to be a director, and, had they known of the circumstances, would doubtless have passed the necessary resolution reappointing him. The defect, therefore, whether strictly within the terms of the clause or not, was exactly of the nature which the clause was intended to provide against, and the call was held to have been validly made.

THE RULE IN *SHELLEY'S CASE*.

THE application of the rule in *Shelley's case* has, in consequence of the decisions of the House of Lords in *Jesson v. Wright* (2 Bli. 1) and *Roddy v. Fitzgerald* (6 H. L. Cas. 823) become so well settled that the controversy which at the end of the last century seriously disturbed the equanimity of FEARNE and HARGRAVE has been well-nigh forgotten. The question has arisen again, however, in the House of Lords in *Van Grutten v. Foxwell* (1897, A. C. 658), and has furnished Lord MACNAGHTEN with the opportunity of recalling the ancient dispute in an interesting and amusing judgment.

The rule enunciated in *Shelley's case* (1 Rep., p. 104a), though not then for the first time established, is as follows: "It is a rule in law, when the ancestor by any gift or conveyance takes an estate of freehold, and in the same gift or conveyance an estate is limited, either mediately or immediately, to his heirs in fee or in tail, that always in such cases 'the heirs' are words of limitation of the estate and not words of purchase." To this statement it may be added that any expression which imports the whole succession of inheritable blood has the same effect in bringing the rule into operation as the word "heirs" (see Lord MACNAGHTEN's judgment, p. 668), and that the rule applies as much to limitations in a devise as to limitations in a deed. It was a limitation in a devise which, in 1769, produced the revolt against the rule in the decision of the King's Bench in *Perrin v. Blake* (4 Burr. 2579, 1 Coll. Jur. 283), and which led the eminent real property lawyers above mentioned to apply themselves strenuously to its defence. Was the rule an absolute rule of law, to be applied inflexibly without regard to the apparent intention of the testator; or was it simply a rule of construction which must give way to clear evidence of intention? Lord MANSFIELD and the majority

of the judges of the King's Bench—only YATES, J., dissenting—took the latter view. FEARNE and HARGRAVE took the former. The decision of the King's Bench was reversed in the Exchequer Chamber by a majority of six to two. An appeal was brought to the House of Lords, but was not proceeded with. The result thus left the matter doubtful, and the ordinary reporters did not think it worth while to report conflicting judgments which were of great length. Those in the King's Bench occupied five hours in delivery (4 Burr., p. 2582). But HARGRAVE was unwilling that the arguments which he had undertaken to refute should remain inaccessible to the profession, and he published a report of the case in the King's Bench (1 Coll. Jur. 283), and also the judgment of BLACKSTONE, J., in the Exchequer Chamber (Hargrave's Law Tracts, 489). The last-named judge, although he concurred with the majority in reversing the decision below, did so in terms which, in HARGRAVE's opinion, left his orthodoxy as to the rule open to doubt.

Perrin v. Blake was a case which strongly invited attack upon the rule in *Shelley's case* at the hands of judges who were anxious to break with antiquity and to subordinate everything to the testator's intention, for in the will which there came in question the intention to confer only a life estate on the first taker was indicated in the most unmistakable manner. The will may for the present purpose be stated with sufficient accuracy by saying that the testator declared it to be his intent that his son JOHN should not sell or dispose of the estate for a longer time than his own life, and to that intent he devised his real estate to his son for life with remainder to the heirs of his body. Lord MANSFIELD held that the rule in *Shelley's case*, which was *prima facie* applicable so as to vest an estate tail in the son, was subject to the general intention of the will, and that the son accordingly took only an estate for life. But this did not represent the full extent of Lord MANSFIELD's offending. "There is," he is reported to have said, "no sound distinction between the devise of a legal estate and of a trust, and between an executory trust and one executed; all trusts are executory, and in every shape that a will appears the intention must govern." "And if," he said further on, "courts of law will adhere to the mere letter of law, the great men who preside in Chancery will ever devise new ways to creep out of the lines of law, and temper with equity." In fact, however, this eminent judge, in his desire to bring law into a line with equity, went beyond the doctrines of the Court of Chancery, for there the distinction between trusts executed and trusts executory was well established, and only in trusts of the latter class did the court hold itself at liberty to depart from the regular legal effect of the limitations.

BLACKSTONE, J., did not go as far as Lord MANSFIELD in allowing the declared intention of the testator to override altogether the rule in *Shelley's case*. He saw clearly enough that the intention of the testator was always contrary to the rule. "I believe," he said, "there never was an instance, when an estate for life was expressly devised to the first taker, that the deviser intended he should have anything more." If to this estate there is added a limitation with words of inheritance, the estate of the first taker is thereupon necessarily enlarged notwithstanding the contrary intention of the deviser. But Sir W. BLACKSTONE left himself open to misconstruction when he brought the question of intention to bear upon the estate taken by the heirs of the first taker. "The true question of intent will turn," he said, "not upon the quantity of estate intended to be given to John, the ancestor; but upon the nature of the estate intended to be given to the heirs of his body. That the ancestor was intended to take an estate for life is certain; that his heirs were intended to take after him is equally certain; but how those heirs were intended to take, whether as descendants or as purchasers is the question." He thought, therefore, that the testator, although using words of inheritance, might attach such an explanation to them as to deprive them of their effect as words of descent and make them available as words of purchase.

It is unnecessary to enter into the arguments by which FEARNE and HARGRAVE attacked Lord MANSFIELD's position, for these arguments have long been admitted to be victorious. The object of the King's Bench was to get rid of a rule, the origin of which was lost in antiquity and which had ceased to be based

upon any living principle. "I shall ever," said WILLER, J., "discountenance as much as I can anything which savours of ancient strictness and policy, and where I can possibly depart with justice from an old maxim, the policy of which has now ceased, I certainly will." But in the opinion of the real property lawyers of the time this liberal policy was calculated to bring the law into uncertainty and to confound the titles to property. The rule in *Shelley's case*, whether based upon the requirements of feudal policy or upon other considerations, had, indeed, lost its original meaning, but as long as it was accepted as an inflexible rule it at least allowed an ascertainable construction to be placed upon limitations. "Unless," said HARGRAVE, "an effort shall be speedily made to disembarass the rule from the perplexities with which it has been latterly overrun, it will degenerate from a plain direction for discriminating titles to property into a downright enigma for disturbing them."

Other decisions beside that of the King's Bench in *Perrin v. Blake* shewed a disposition to depart from the strict application of the rule. In *Doe v. Goff* (11 East 668) there was a devise to the testator's daughter for life, with remainder to the heirs of her body as tenants in common, and it was held that these latter words were sufficient to shew that "heirs of the body" were intended to be words of purchase. This, in effect, was following the argument in the judgment of BLACKSTONE, J., quoted above, and the case was treated as an authority by SUGDEN, L.C., in *Montgomery v. Montgomery* (3 Jo. & Lat. p. 54). But in fact it had been then overruled by *Jesson v. Wright* (2 Bli. 1), and any further laxity in the application of the rule was checked both by this latter case and by *Roddy v. Fitzgerald* (6 H. L. C. 823). In *Jesson v. Wright* the limitations of the devise were to W. for life and after his death to the heirs of his body as he should appoint, in default of appointment to the heirs of his body as tenants in common. These latter words were now rejected as being inconsistent with the limitation to the heirs of the body, and, notwithstanding their insertion, the rule in *Shelley's case* was applied so as to vest an estate tail in W. It is possible for a testator so to explain words of inheritance which he has used as to shew that he did not intend them to have their ordinary legal effect, but it is for him to shew this clearly. "The rule is," said Lord REDFORD, "that technical words shall have their legal effect, unless, from subsequent inconsistent words, it is very clear that the testator meant otherwise." In *Roddy v. Fitzgerald* this was carried by Lord WENSLEYDALE a step further: "To deprive the technical words of their appropriate sense there must be sufficient to satisfy a judicial mind that they were meant by the testator to be used in some other sense, and to shew what that sense is." In that case the limitations were to W. for life and after his death to his lawful issue in such shares as he should appoint, and in default of appointment to the issue equally, with a gift over on failure of issue. It was held that "issue" was used as "heirs of the body," and that W. took an estate tail.

Lord MACNAGHTEN intimates that perhaps BLACKSTONE, J., did not, in his judgment in *Perrin v. Blake*, really go beyond the correct view, and that, in speaking of the rule in *Shelley's case* as a flexible rule, and as one yielding to the testator's intention in the manner above described, he simply meant that the testator could himself explain the sense in which he had used words of inheritance. But however this may be, it is clear that no declaration of the testator's intention will do unless the words used are so defined as to designate specific persons, and not to extend to all persons filling the character of heir. So long as the words used are thus extensive, it is impossible for the testator, by any expression of intention, or by the addition of any inconsistent provisions, to deprive them of their proper legal effect, and to qualify the estate of inheritance which vests in the first taker. Lord THURLOW, C., was as sound on this as any subsequent judge. "I take," said he, in *Jones v. Morgan* (1 Bro. C. C. 205), "the rule in *Shelley's case* never to have been shaken at all. I take that rule to be that, where the heir takes in the character of heir, he must take in the quality of heir. . . . All possible heirs must take as heirs and not as purchasers." The testator may himself put a narrower meaning on the word, but, short of this, he cannot prevent the operation of the rule. The aberration of the King's Bench in *Perrin*

v. Blake is interesting for the controversy it aroused, but it left no permanent mark upon the law. Lord DAVEY in *Van Grutten v. Foxwell* lays down as clearly as HARGRAVE could have desired the principle for which that learned lawyer contended. "The rule in *Shelley's case* is a rule of law and not a mere rule of construction—that is, one laid down for the purpose of giving effect to the testator's expressed or presumed intention." In *Van Grutten v. Foxwell* the limitations were somewhat elaborate and it is needless to reproduce them here, but in effect they gave estates for life to the children of the testator who survived him—only one answered this requirement—followed by estates to the heirs of the bodies of the children. In the various provisions annexed to these limitations the House of Lords saw no indication that the testator had placed any meaning on "heirs of the body" to rob the expression of its ordinary force, and consequently the child who survived the testator took an estate tail. The decisions of the House of Lords in the present century have amply atoned for the slight put upon the venerable rule in question in the last.

REVIEWS.

BOOKS RECEIVED.

The Yearly County Court Practice, 1898, founded on Archbold's "County Court Practice" and Pitt-Lewis's "County Court Practice." By G. PITT-LEWIS, Q.C., Recorder of Poole, and C. ARNOLD WHITE, B.A., Barrister-at-Law. The chapter on Costs and the Precedents of Costs, by Mr. MORTEN TURNER, Registrar of the Watford County Court. In Two Volumes. Butterworth & Co.; Shaw & Sons.

Hayes & Jarman's Concise Forms of Wills, with Practical Notes. Eleventh Edition. By J. B. MATTHEWS, Barrister-at-Law. Sweet & Maxwell (Limited).

Before Trial: How to Prepare your Case. By RICHARD HARRIS, Q.C. Fourth Edition. Waterlow Bros. & Layton (Limited).

Employers' Liability under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1897, and the Employers' Liability Act, 1880. By ARTHUR ROBINSON, B.A., Barrister-at-Law. Stevens & Sons (Limited). Price 6s.

The Law Quarterly Review. Edited by Sir FREDERICK POLLOCK, Bart., M.A., LL.D. January, 1898. Stevens & Sons (Limited).

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE LAND TRANSFER ACT, 1897.

[To the Editor of the Solicitors' Journal.]

Sir,—Mr. Lake, in his letter to the SOLICITORS' JOURNAL of the 25th ult., expresses the view that the selected area for the experimental trial of compulsory registration should be limited to so much of the county of London as lies within the county of Middlesex, so that the experiment should, "in the event of failure, be as little permanently injurious as possible."

In the discussion that took place at the meeting of the United Law Society on the 15th of November, when Mr. Lake and I were the principal speakers, I objected to the experiment being tried at all in any part of the county of London, and I asked Mr. Lake to say how the experiment was to be brought to an end if it should turn out a failure, and how in that event he would deal with the large staff of officials that compulsory registration in London would call into existence. Mr. Lake did not answer my question then. Perhaps he will do so now. J. S. RUBINSTEIN.

5, Raymond-buildings, Gray's-inn, London, Jan. 5.

The Publishers' Circular says that the number of new books on law, jurisprudence, &c., issued during 1897 was 93, and of new editions, 47. The numbers for 1896 were 132 and 50.

The retirement of Mr. Justice Bowley, says the *Westminster Gazette*, was accompanied with incidents of a somewhat dramatic character. His resignation and the appointment of his successor were "officially" announced in the papers on Wednesday morning. Till late in the afternoon of Tuesday the learned judge presided in the Land Commission Court, when he delivered an elaborate judgment dissenting from the views of Mr. Justice Ross, the Land Judge, and using the significant expression, "I, too, am a judge of the Supreme Court."

NEW ORDERS, &c.

LAND REGISTRY.

LAND TRANSFER ACTS, 1875 AND 1897.

NOTICE.

Attention is directed to the Land Transfer Act, 1897, and the Provisional Land Transfer Rules, 1897, which come into operation on the 1st of January, 1898. The following are the most important provisions of the Act and Rules as regards the practice of the Land Registry.

1.—AS TO PRODUCTION OF LAND AND CHARGE CERTIFICATES.

Section 8 requires the Land Certificate or Charge Certificate to be produced and endorsed on every registration affecting registered land or a charge. This applies to every transfer of a portion of a registered estate, or part release of a charge, as well as to dealings with the whole. The Registrar has no power to waive this regulation, and it applies to certificates issued before as well as after the commencement of the Act. The Registrar has power to compel production of a certificate. On a sale by a mortgagee, under a power of sale contained in a registered charge, the Charge Certificate only need be produced.

2.—AS TO JOINT PROPRIETORS.

Schedule I. of the Act, amendment of Section 83 (3), requires an entry to be made (subject to general rules) on every registration of two or more joint proprietors, that when their number is reduced below a specified number, no disposition is to be made without a special order. This entry can be omitted on production of satisfactory evidence that the proprietors are entitled for their own benefit, or that the survivor has power to dispose of the land or charge affected. See Rules 34 to 37; also paragraph 9 below.

3.—AS TO TRANSMISSIONS OF FREEHOLD LAND ON DEATH.

The provisions of Part I. of the Act, and of Section 6 (4) and (5), and Rules 14 to 22, should be carefully studied before making any application to register on a death occurring on or after 1st January, 1898.

4.—VENDORS AND PURCHASERS.

Section 16 prescribes the evidence which a purchaser of registered land may require, and regulates the incidence of certain costs, and the obligation to enter into covenants for title on sales of registered land.

5.—SUCCESSION DUTY AND ESTATE DUTY.

Certain doubts having been expressed as to the incidence of Succession Duty and Estate Duty under Section 18 of the Land Transfer Act, 1875, Section 13 of the new Act provides for the registration of notices of claims for these duties in all proper cases, and for the complete exoneration of purchasers where such notices are not registered. See also Rules 30 to 33.

6.—CHARGES—LIENS BY DEPOSIT.

Section 9 enables annuities and mortgages in Building Society forms to be registered, and applies the provisions of Sections 19 to 24 of the Conveyancing Act to registered charges. See also Rules 12 and 13.

Section 8, last paragraph, and Rules 38 to 40, specially provide for liens by deposit of Land or Charge Certificates; Section 81 of the Land Transfer Act, 1875, being repealed.

7.—SETTLED LAND.

Section 6, and Rules 2 to 11 and 16 to 22, should be studied before making applications or drawing instruments relating to settled land.

8.—BOUNDARIES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF LAND.

Section 83 (5) and (6) of the Land Transfer Act, 1875, declaring that registration is not to be conclusive as to boundaries, is repealed, and replaced by Section 14 (2) of the new Act.

9.—NUMBER OF PROPRIETORS—TENANTS IN COMMON.

Section 83 (2) of the Land Transfer Act, 1875, limiting the possible number of joint registered proprietors, and prohibiting the registration of undivided shares, is repealed by Section 14 (1) of the new Act.

10.—INDEMNITY FOR ERRORS.

Sections 7 and 21 provide indemnity for any loss that may result from fraud or error in a registered transaction.

11.—MINES AND MINERALS.

Certain doubts that have been expressed as to the effect of registered transfers under Sections 30-33 and 35-38 of the Land Transfer Act, 1875, in regard to mines and minerals, are dealt with by explanatory amendments in the first schedule of the new Act.

12.—REMOVAL OF LAND FROM THE REGISTER.

Power is given by section 17 to remove land from the register.
December, 1897.

THE LAND TRANSFER ACT, 1897.

Additional Rule and Order for the Registrars of the Principal and District Probate Registries.

"All rules, orders, and instructions, and the existing practice of the court with respect to non-contentious business shall, so far as the circumstances of each case will allow, be applicable to Grants of Probate and Administration made under the authority of the Land Transfer Act, 1897."

The number of this Rule for the Principal Registry is 109; and for the District Registries 103.

CASES OF LAST SITTINGS.

High Court—Queen's Bench Division.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF MUSIC (Appellants) v. THE VESTRY OF THE UNITED PARISHES OF ST. MARGARET AND ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, WESTMINSTER (Respondents). Div. Court. 14th Dec.

RATE—RATEABILITY—EXEMPTION—SOCIETY INSTITUTED FOR PURPOSES OF THE FINE ARTS—SCIENTIFIC SOCIETIES ACT, 1843 (6 & 7 VICT. c. 36), s. 1.

Special case stated by order of a judge. The facts appear from the judgment of the court. The following cases were cited during the argument before Hawkins and Channell, JJ., on the 6th of December: *Overseers of the Savoy v. Art Union of London* (1896, A. C. 296), *Mayor of Manchester v. Macadam* (1896, A. C. 500), *Reg. v. Institution of Civil Engineers* (5 Q. B. D. 48), *Commissioners of Inland Revenue v. Forrest* (15 App. Cas. 334), *Reg. v. Jones* (8 Q. B. 719), and *Reg. v. Overseers of Manchester* (16 Q. B. 449). Judgment was reserved.

THE COURT (HAWKINS AND CHANNELL, JJ.) allowed the appeal.

HAWKINS, J., in the course of a written judgment, said: The question raised for our opinion is whether the Royal College of Music is exempt from being assessed or rated to the parochial rate of the respondent parishes, within which the buildings of the Royal College are situated, by reason of the exemption contained in the statute 6 & 7 Vict. c. 36, s. 1. That section enacts that "from and after the 1st of October, 1843, no person or persons shall be assessed or rated, or liable to be assessed or rated to, or liable to pay any county, borough, parochial, or other local rates, or cesses in respect of any land, houses, or buildings belonging to any society instituted for purposes of science, literature, or the fine arts exclusively, and occupied by it for the transaction of its business and for carrying into effect its purposes; provided that such society shall be supported wholly or in part by annual voluntary contributions and shall not, and by its laws may not, make any dividend, gift, division, or bonus in money unto or between any of its members." The college was constituted a body corporate by letters patent on the 23rd of May, 1884, with power to hold lands for the purposes of the corporation, which were described to be: "First, the advancement of the art of music by means of a central teaching and examining body charged with the duty of providing musical instruction of the highest class and of rewarding with academical degrees and certificates of proficiency and otherwise persons whether educated or not at the college, who, on examination, may prove themselves worthy of such distinctions and evidences of attainment; and secondly, the promotion and supervision of such musical instruction in schools and elsewhere as may be thought most conducive to the cultivation and dissemination of the art of music in the United Kingdom; and lastly, generally the encouragement and promotion of the cultivation of music as an art throughout our dominions." It is difficult to imagine an institution more exclusively devoted to any of the fine arts than is the Royal College of Music. [His lordship then referred to the acquisition by the Royal College of the buildings sought to be rated upon a long lease, which contained a stipulation that they should be used for the purposes of the charter only.] The case expressly finds that the building has been occupied exclusively by the Royal College of Music for the transaction of its business, and for carrying into effect the aforesaid purposes of the college, and that the college has carried out no purpose other than the purposes of the corporation as defined in the charter. What more is required to entitle the building to the exemption given by the statute? I am at a loss to understand upon what ground it can be contended that the first requirement of the proviso—namely, that the corporate society shall be supported wholly or partly by annual voluntary contributions has not been fulfilled. The case expressly finds that it has. It is true that of the revenue for the year ending April, 1896, a small proportion only, £1,632, was derived from annual contributions of a purely voluntary character; but that is a substantial sum, and, in my opinion, quite sufficient to satisfy the requirement of the proviso that the support shall be partly by voluntary contributions. It can hardly be said that the interest and dividends, amounting to £4,639, were annual voluntary contributions, for they were interest and dividends of money and securities already belonging to the society. The second requirement of the proviso seems to have been overlooked when the original charter was prepared; this defect was remedied by a special

resolution duly passed on the 24th of February, 1896 (before the making of this rate), that the Royal College of Music shall not make any dividend, gift, division, or bonus in money unto or between any of its members. The ground upon which it was contended by the respondents that the college is not entitled to this exemption is very similar to that upon which the exemption from rateability was resisted when claimed by the Institution of Civil Engineers under the 6 & 7 Vict. c. 36, and on another occasion, when exemption from liability to the duty imposed under section 11 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1885, was claimed. The first of these cases, *Reg. v. Institution of Civil Engineers* (5 Q. B. D. 48), in which the defendants claimed exemption from parochial rates, was determined by Wild and Manisty, JJ., against the institution substantially upon the ground that as a matter of fact the primary object of the institution was not the promotion of science exclusively, but the acquisition of scientific knowledge for the purposes and in the interests of the members of the institution. In the next case, *Re Duty on Estate of Institution of Civil Engineers* (19 Q. B. D. 610), a claim for exemption from duty imposed by the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1885, s. 11, sub-section (3), was decided by Lord Coleridge, C.J., and Field, J., against the institution upon substantially the same ground as in the case I have already cited. That decision was, however, reversed on appeal (20 Q. B. D. 621) upon the ground that upon the true construction of the charter its object was the promotion of mechanical science by the activity of the body of civil engineers. This decision of the Court of Appeal was affirmed by the House of Lords in *Commissioners of Inland Revenue v. Forrest* (15 App. Cas. 334). [His lordship then referred to the judgments in the House of Lords, and continued:] The effect of this judgment is virtually to overrule *Reg. v. Institution of Civil Engineers*. Assuming the objects of the society as defined by the charter to be fully and faithfully carried out, could it be seriously doubted that the society was instituted for the purposes of the fine art of music exclusively? The building was, and is, absolutely necessary for the transaction of the business of the institution and for the accommodation of the teachers and pupils. Without such tuition as is provided for in the charter it would be impossible to accomplish the object. The fees received from pupils and candidates are reasonably received from those who can afford to pay them, but they are all applied exclusively to the declared purposes of the college. For those who are poor and unable to pay necessary maintenance is provided; the larger the number of apt pupils, whether rich or poor, receiving tuition at the college, the more will musical art be disseminated throughout the empire, the more encouragement to those who strive to acquire distinction in such art, the greater the prospect of the advancement of it. The building and the funds, whether derived partly or entirely from voluntary contributions, are entirely and wholly applied to the objects of the charter without any surplus profit to the corporation, and no member of the college derives any benefit from such funds. It may be that many of the pupils and scholars may by means of the instruction afforded them become so proficient in the art of music that they may be eminently fitted for and devote themselves to the profession of teachers of music as the means of competent livelihood; the more who do so the more extensively and effectively will the art of music be promoted. This, however, is only a fortunate result of the goodness of the tuition afforded, but not a result which it was the purpose of the society or part of its business to bring about; it would only be an incidental advantage to both the pupils and the institution. There will be judgment for the appellants with costs.

CHANNELL, J., concurred. Judgment for the appellants.—COUNSELL, Danckwerts; R. C. Glen. SOLICITORS, H. T. Boodle; Cates.

[Reported by T. R. C. DILL, Barrister-at-Law.]

CITY OF LONDON BREWERIES CO. (LIM.) AND THE COMMISSIONERS OF INLAND REVENUE. Div. Court. 14th Dec.

REVENUE—STAMP—INSTRUMENT TO SECURE PAYMENT—MORTGAGE—"TOTAL AMOUNT OF SECURITY TO BE ULTIMATELY RECOVERABLE"—AMOUNT LIMITED—STAMP ACT, 1891 (54 & 55 VICT. c. 39), ss. 86 (1.) 88 (1.).

Case stated by Commissioners of Inland Revenue. On the 21st of May, 1897, an instrument was presented on behalf of the brewery company to the commissioners for their opinion as to what stamp duty the instrument in question was chargeable under sections 86 and 88 of the Stamp Act, 1891. By section 88 it is provided that any security for the payment or repayment of money to be lent, advanced, or paid, or which may become due upon an account current either with or without money previously due, shall be charged, where the total amount secured or to be ultimately recoverable is in any way limited, with the same duty as a security for the amount so limited. The instrument purported to be a trust deed for securing debenture stock, and was dated the 6th of May, 1897, and after reciting that there was outstanding at that time £500,000 debenture stock of the company constituted and secured by a trust deed dated the 20th of February, 1892, recited the intention of the appellants to issue further irredeemable debentures, bearing interest at 3½ per cent, ranking after the former stock and to be issued only in the place of the former debentures. By clause 7 of the instrument in question it was provided that in the first instance the stock was limited to £300,000, but that the company should be at liberty to issue further irredeemable 3½ per cent. debenture stock, entitled *pari passu* to the benefit thereof, subject to the following provisions: (a) That this 3½ per cent. stock should not exceed £540,000 in amount, making with the £300,000 a total charge of £840,000; (b) that such further stock should only be issued for the purpose of redeeming or paying off the 4 per cent. debenture stock of £500,000; (c) that the company must give notice in writing to the trustees of the amount of the proposed further issue, and providing for the value at which the old stock was to be assessed for the purpose of substituting for it the new debenture

ture stock; (d) that the company must, before any such further debenture stock was issued or offered for subscription, execute and deliver to the trustees an acknowledgment of indebtedness for the amount of the further proposed issue, and until such acknowledgment was executed, no part of such further stock was to be entitled to the benefit thereof. No such acknowledgment of indebtedness had been executed. The Commissioners were of opinion that the sum of £840,000 mentioned was the limit of the total amount secured by, or to be ultimately recoverable under, the trust deed within the meaning of section 88 (i.) of the Stamp Act, 1891. They accordingly gave it as their opinion that the instrument was chargeable with duty under the head of Mortgage, Bond, Debenture Covenant, &c., under the first schedule of the Act, and they assessed such duty at £1,050 being 2s. 6d. for every £100 of the amount secured as "being the only or principal or primary security (other than an equitable mortgage) for the payment or repayment of money." The questions for the consideration of the court were first, whether the instrument was chargeable with the duty of £1,050; and secondly, if not, with what duty was it chargeable? For the appellants, counsel contended that the deed was only liable to be taxed as a security for the £300,000 already issued, and they admitted that to that amount the duty to be charged was at the rate of 2s. 6d. for every £100. If in any sense any tax could be charged on the balance of £540,000 either now or hereafter it should only be at the lesser rate of 6d. in the place of 2s. 6d. as the commissioners had decided. For the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, it was submitted that their decision was right, because this was a trust deed to secure an amount limited—namely, £840,000. The acknowledgment of indebtedness proposed would not be in any sense a mortgage whenever executed, and when the further amount of £540,000 was raised it would be raised on the security of this deed. The Act contemplated such a case, and provided for it by the words in section 88 (i.) referring to any security for payment to be hereafter lent or paid.

The Court decided in favour of the company.

GRANTHAM, J., said they were of opinion that with respect to the further advance of £540,000, that was but a substituted security to be given by the company at some future date, and in respect of that amount the duty of 6d. instead of 2s. 6d. was alone chargeable. The Crown, therefore, must repay the difference to the appellants. That being the substantial dispute between the appellants and the Crown, the appeal would be allowed with costs.

CHANNELL, J., concurred, but on somewhat different grounds. He thought that a security was none the less a security for money because something else had to be done before the money could be raised. He agreed that under the deed in question the sum of £540,000 was in fact a substituted security, and before it became perfected an acknowledgment of indebtedness was a condition precedent, which so far the company had not executed. The lower rate of duty, therefore, alone ought to be charged. It was never disputed that 2s. 6d. for every £100 was the proper rate of duty to be paid on the sum of £300,000. Appeal accordingly allowed.—COUNSEL, *Bosanquet, Q.C.*, and *M. M. Macnaghten; Finlay, S.G.*, and *Danekeerts*. SOLICITORS, *Western & Sons; The Solicitor for Inland Revenue*.

[Reported by ERSKINE REID, Barrister-at-Law.]

Ex parte WILLIAM MORRIS. Div. Court. 14th Dec.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS—LEAVE TO PAY BILLS INADVERTENTLY OMITTED FROM CANDIDATES' RETURN OF EXPENSES—MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS ACT, 1884, s. 21 (7).

In this case counsel moved on behalf of Mr. William Morris, a candidate at the election of councillors for the *Morrison Ward* of the county borough of Swansea, for exemption for not having made a complete return of his expenses of the election. Mr. Morris had unsuccessfully contested the election, and shortly afterwards his agent, to whom the expenses in question had been sent for the purpose of being checked, had become seriously ill and had not been able to look into the matter. During his illness the return had been made and the amount accidentally omitted from the account rendered. All Mr. Morris now asked for was leave to be allowed to pay the bills which were for expenses he was entitled legally to incur, and would not when added to the return made bring the costs incurred up to the maximum allowed by the statute.

The Court (GRANTHAM and CHANNELL, JJ.) granted the relief sought.—COUNSEL, *C. Willoughby Williams*. SOLICITOR, *Richard White, for H. W. Pule, Swansea*.

[Reported by ERSKINE REID, Barrister-at-Law.]

Ex parte HUGHES. Div. Court. 14th Dec.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS—LEAVE TO PAY EXPENSES INCURRED IN EXCESS OF STATUTORY MAXIMUM—INCOMPLETE RETURN BY ELECTION AGENT—MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS (CORRUPT AND ILLEGAL PRACTICES) ACT, 1884 (47 & 48 VICT. c. 70) s. 21 (c.).

Counsel moved *ex parte* on behalf of Mr. Hughes, a candidate at the recent municipal election for the Exchange Ward of the City of Manchester, for leave to pay the sum of £8 11s. 6d., which had been incurred by him over and above the maximum of £33 14s. 9d. allowed under the statute to such a candidate for election expenses. The facts stated were these: Mr. Hughes had consulted Mr. Cooper, the secretary of the local Conservative Association, and on his advice had employed a Mr. Hanslander as his agent, who had negligently incurred the extra costs for which leave to pay was now applied for. The agent in his affidavit stated that he was a person experienced in election law and that the excess arose from the fact that he had forgotten to include the sum paid by one of the committee men for the use of the committee rooms, and that he had been in the habit of acting at elections where there was a large maximum

allowed, and had not realized how the expenses of printing had run up; [GRANTHAM, J.—Has this application been opposed in any way?—No. All the papers and receipts are in order and in court.]

THE COURT (GRANTHAM and CHANNELL, JJ.) granted the application.—COUNSEL, *Lewis Cornard*. SOLICITORS, *Rosecliffes, Rawle, & Co. for Needham & Co., Manchester*.

[Reported by ERSKINE REID, Barrister-at-Law.]

Judge's Chambers.

HALL v. LAUNSPACH. Ridley, J. 29th December.

LORD MAYOR'S COURT—PROHIBITION—LIBEL—COSTS.

This was an application for a writ of prohibition to prohibit the Lord Mayor's Court and the Judge and Registrar thereof from taxing the plaintiff's costs in an action for libel, and from allowing any proceeding to be taken in such court for enforcing payment of such costs, on the ground that the Mayor's Court had no jurisdiction to tax costs in an action for libel where less than £10 damages are recovered. It was stated that this was a novel point which had never been decided nor even raised before. The circumstances were as follows:—The plaintiff brought an action in the Mayor's Court for damages for libel, and recovered £2 10s. damages. The action was tried before the Common Serjeant, who certified for counsel, and the *postea* directed judgment to be signed, together "with costs to be taxed." The plaintiff carried in his costs for taxation, which were taxed upon the scale applicable to actions where under £20 is recovered. The plaintiff then applied for a writ of prohibition, on the ground that there was no scale of costs in the Mayor's Court applicable to actions for libel where less than £10 is recovered, and therefore the Registrar had no power to tax them. On the hearing of the application,

Sweepstone (Sweepstone & Stone) argued: Rule 1 of the Mayor's Court Rules, 1890, directed that "all" costs in actions and matters in the Mayor's Court were directed to be taxed according to the scales and fees in the schedules annexed. The first part of Schedule B related to actions where the amount recovered exceeded £5 and was under £10 and the action could have been brought in a County Court, and was not applicable. The second part of the schedule bore the heading that "the following costs only shall be allowed where the amount recovered is £10, and upwards." There was no other scale, and inasmuch as the plaintiff had not recovered £10 and no scale of costs was provided for actions which could not be brought in a County Court, it was a *casus omissus*, and there was no power for the court to frame another scale of costs applicable to this case. *Garnett v. Bradley*, 3 App. Cas. 944, 26 W. R. 698, decided that a plaintiff was entitled to costs in the High Court where only a farthing damages was recovered in an action of slander unless the judge certified to deprive him of them, and such costs were taxed on the High Court scale, because there was only one scale of costs applicable to actions of whatever amount, but in the Mayor's Court the scale was limited to actions in which £10 and upwards was recovered, and the scale under £10 only referred to actions which could have been brought in the County Court. There was, therefore, no scale of costs applicable to this case, and the court could not frame one. The anomaly existed that in the High Court a verdict of one farthing damages in an action for libel would carry costs; but no verdict in an action for libel where under £10 was recovered in the Mayor's Court could carry costs.

Joel Emanuel (Emanuel, Round, & Nathan), for the plaintiff, contended: 1st, that the scale in Schedule B applied; 2nd, that if it did not apply the old scale of costs prior to the rules of 1890 applied; 3rd, if the old scale of costs did not apply, the court had power to grant costs outside the schedule under ord. 8; 4th, that this was not a matter for prohibition. 1st, that Schedule B applied; he argued that the heading to the scale did not form part of the scale itself, and might have been better placed at the end of the schedule. The schedule was not governed by the heading. It was true the heading stated that the costs were only to be allowed where the amount recovered was £10 and upwards. That applied the scale to those instances, but it did not exclude its operation to other matters. That appeared clear from items in the schedule, such as drawing pleadings in equity, which might be for rectification of a deed, dissolution of partnership, or other matter where no money at all was claimed or recovered, instructions for petition, which might be for appointment of new trustees or for a charging order; instruction for brief on an interim, injunction where no money at all was in dispute. If, therefore, the scale applied to matters outside the heading it was clearly applicable to the outside matter of an action for libel where the costs had not otherwise been provided for. 2nd, if the scale did not apply, then the old scale of costs prior to the rules of 1890 applied. Ord. 8, rule 1, directed that the costs of all proceedings should be in the discretion of the court, and ord. 10, rule 5, directed that so far as those orders and rules were inconsistent therewith, the practice and procedure then in use in the court should be in force. Those orders were passed in 1892, and if rule 8 directing costs to be in the discretion of the court introduced a new practice as to costs not provided by the rules of 1890, the old schedule of costs became applicable. 3rd, if the old scale of costs did not apply, the court under ord. 8, rule 1, or under its inherent jurisdiction, had power to deal with costs as it pleased, either by awarding a lump sum or otherwise. If the defendant's contention were correct, in a motion to commit a person for publishing comments on judicial proceedings *sub judice*, the judge could not order the costs of a motion to be paid or borne by any party, because there was nothing in the schedules providing for the costs of such a motion, and a solicitor could not sue his own client for the costs of an action for libel if less than £10 were recovered, because the same objection would arise as to the scale of costs upon which a solicitor was entitled to be paid. When he sued for his bill, directly it was referred to taxation, the question would arise, Where was the scale upon which the

costs could be taxed? 4th, this was not a matter for prohibition; the parts of the costs relating to fees of the court and allowances to witnesses were contained in separate schedules to which the head note to the second part of Schedule B did not apply. A prohibition would not lie in regard to particular items in a bill of costs. The court could not restrain the taxation where certain costs were clearly within its jurisdiction, and if other items in the bill were in excess of its jurisdiction, that might be matter for appeal, but not for prohibition.

RIDLEY, J.—I have carefully considered this case and the arguments addressed to me. In my opinion, the headnote to the second part of Schedule B must be taken to be part of the schedule itself, and the whole schedule being subject to such headnote, it cannot apply to any actions in which less than £10 is recovered. Such being the case, I look in vain for any schedule applicable to an action for libel in which less than £10 is recovered. There being none, I cannot see upon what scale these costs can be taxed. If taxed upon a scale which does not exist, I think the court is exceeding its jurisdiction, and ought to be prohibited. With regard to the court fees and allowances to witnesses, these seem to be included in scales to which the headnote is not applicable, and must therefore be allowed. The prohibition will therefore be granted as to all costs, except the costs of witnesses and court fees.

[We are favoured with the above report.]

LAW SOCIETIES.

LAW ASSOCIATION.

At a meeting of the directors held at the hall of the Incorporated Law Society on Thursday, the 6th inst., the following being present—viz., Mr. R. J. Peid (chairman), Messrs. C. Burt, T. D. Bolton, M.P., A. C. Cronin, S. J. Daw, L. Desborough, H. C. Nisbet, R. H. Peacock, Sidney Smith, Arthur Toovey, J. Vallance, and Arthur Carpenter (secretary), a grant of £50 was made to a non-member. A further investment in Consols was directed to be made. Thirty new members were admitted to the association, and other general business was transacted.

LEGAL NEWS.

APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. GEORGE WILLIAM BURTON, Chief Justice of the Province of Ontario, Canada, has received the honour of Knighthood.

Mr. WILLIAM BRANDFORD GRIFFITH, Chief Justice of the Gold Coast Colony, has received the honour of Knighthood.

Mr. EDWARD JAMES ACKROYD, late Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court, Hong-Kong, has received the honour of Knighthood.

Mr. ARTHUR WILSON, barrister, Legal Adviser and Solicitor, India Office, has been appointed a Knight Commander of the Order of the Indian Empire.

CHANGES IN PARTNERSHIPS.

Mr. ROLAND ELLIS DE VESIAN, solicitor, has made arrangements to join Mr. Richard Cattarns in partnership as from the 1st of January, 1898, and will after that date practise at 104, Leadenhall-street, E.C. The style of the new firm will be Cattarns & De Vesian.

In consequence of the death of Mr. Charles Harrison, Mr. William Sidney Harrison is the only surviving partner in the firm of C. & S. Harrison & Co., of 19, Bedford-row, W.C., and he has admitted into partnership Mr. ARTHUR CASSON LEWIS and Mr. CHARLES FREDERICK POLLOCK. The style of the firm will be as hitherto, C. & S. Harrison & Co.

Messrs. Clapham, Fitch, & Co., of 15, Devonshire-square, Bishopsgate, City, solicitors, have taken Mr. PERCIVAL ALFRED CLAPHAM, the eldest son of the late senior partner, and Mr. NATHANIEL BARRETT WARNER BROMLEY into partnership. The style of the firm remains unaltered.

DISSOLUTIONS.

JOHN CHARLES HARDY, LEWIS JOHN OATWAY, and ALFRED PERCY DOULTON, solicitors, 23, Bush-lane, London (Vandercom, Hardy, Oatway, & Doulton). Dec. 31.

HERBERT JOHN WAKEMAN and CHARLES ALBERT BLEECK, solicitors, Warminster (Wakeman & Bleck). Dec. 31. [Gazette, Jan. 4.]

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE REV. JOHN BROWN BRUNESSON, deceased.—The Rev. John Brown Brunesson, deceased, made a will on the 24th of February, 1897, the contents of which are known, but the original will cannot be found. Any person who can give information as to its whereabouts is requested to communicate with Messrs. Mear & Fowler, solicitors, No. 2, Old Serjeants'-inn, Chancery-lane, London.

GENERAL.

Mr. F. K. Munton takes the chair at the Law Students' Debating Society's annual smoking concert next Monday, at St. James's Hall. He is one of the surviving members who took an active part in the early sixties.

The Lord Chief Justice has requested the attendance of the judges of the Queen's Bench Division at a meeting to be held in his lordship's private room at the Law Courts on Tuesday next at 3 o'clock, when the summer circuits will be chosen and other business transacted.

Mr. Justice Byrne will preside at the third of the series of law lectures inaugurated by the Solicitors' Managing Clerks' Association, which will take place in the Old-hall, Lincoln's-inn, on Tuesday, the 18th inst., when Mr. Astbury, Q.C., will deliver a lecture (in place of Mr. A. Hopkinson, Q.C., M.P., who has been appointed Principal of Owens College, Manchester) on the subject of "Privileged Communications."

A correspondent writes to the *Times*: "In to-day's issue of the *Times* you note the ninety-sixth birthday of the Right Hon. C. P. Villiers, designating him the 'Father of the Bar,' as having been called in 1827. In the last *Law List* Mr. William Parrott Carter is given as having been called in 1821. If that gentleman is still alive, and I have seen no notice of his death, should not he, and not Mr. Villiers, be considered as the 'Father of the Bar'?"

The *Estates Gazette* says that in the aggregate the dealings in land and property during the year just closed have been of a very satisfactory character. The total amount of the sales which have taken place at the London Auction Mart, £5,257,723, is considerably in advance of the total of £4,476,801 for 1896. In addition, considerable transactions have been effected in the provinces, whilst numerous important sales have been concluded by private treaty. The most notable feature in the year's business has been the facility with which brewing concerns and licensed properties, both in London and the provinces, have been sold at remarkably high prices. Ground-rents have again been eagerly sought after, principally by societies and trustees with funds to invest. The general price has averaged about thirty-two years' purchase, but now and again a much higher value has been obtained. The year has seen a considerable increase in the demand for small freehold properties; building sites, both in the metropolis and chief provincial centres, have been readily sold at good prices. Farms and agricultural land have not sold very readily, but in many cases prices have been secured which, as things now are, may be considered fairly good.

THE LAND TRANSFER ACT, 1897.

The following letter has been addressed by Mr. Sydney Gedge to the *Times*:

The compulsory provisions of the Land Transfer Act, 1897, are to be applied to one county as an experiment and cannot be applied to any other county for three years. The Privy Council are to select the county by sending to the county council a draft of the proposed order to come into force at the end of six months unless the county council shall, within three months, at a special meeting at which two-thirds of the whole number of the members are present, resolve, and communicate to the Privy Council the resolution that in their opinion compulsory registration of title would not be desirable in their county.

On the 4th of August, when the Bill was being hurried through the House of Commons at the flag end of the Session, it was first stated that compulsory registration was to be first tried as an experiment in the county of Middlesex, which has its own registration office; but later in the evening it was stated that it was to be first tried in the county of London, and I thereupon moved an amendment to prevent this for various reasons, with only one of which will I trouble you now. I urged that there was nothing in the Bill to prevent the Privy Council from issuing an order immediately after the Act passed, bringing its provisions into operation in the county, unless within three months from that time it held such a meeting and passed such a resolution, and that the power of objecting ought to be given not to the moribund county council, but to the new council, which would be elected next March. The Attorney-General, who was then in charge of the Bill, declared on behalf of the Government that "the provisions of the Bill were not to come into operation until the 1st of January, 1898, before which time no steps whatever could be taken towards putting these provisions into force." This statement was equivalent to an undertaking on the part of the Government that no notice of a draft order should be issued by the Privy Council until the 1st of January, and, this being so, the London County Council would have until the 1st of April to hold its meeting and object, and this could be done either by the dying council or by the newly-elected council. Having this undertaking, I allowed my amendment to be negatived without a division, and a few minutes afterwards, on its being pointed out that the Bill contained a clause enabling such a notice to be issued as soon as the Act received the Royal Assent, it was struck out by the Government as being inconsistent with the Attorney-General's statement.

Notwithstanding this distinct pledge, the *London Gazette* of the 26th of November contains an official announcement of a draft order sent to the London County Council to the effect that on and after the 1st of July registration of title to land is to be compulsory in sales in that county. The effect is that the time for objecting will expire on the 26th of February, and the new council will be deprived of any voice in the matter. I find that this is done by virtue of the 37th section of the Interpretation Act, 1889, which provides that "where an Act is not to come into operation immediately on its passing, and confers power to make, grant, or issue any order in council, &c., that power may, unless the contrary intention appears, be exercised at any time after the passing of the Act, so far as may be expedient for the purpose of bringing the Act into operation at the day of the commencement thereof." Both the Attorney-General and I were members of the House of Commons when this Act was passed, but he clearly, as well as I, had forgotten this section, otherwise I am sure that he would not have allowed the House to believe that by striking out this clause the course objected to was rendered impossible.

That course, for which I believe the Lord Chancellor is responsible, is a direct violation of the undertaking given by the Government, and though,

[Up to Thursday last no reply to this letter was published.]

NOTICE.—In cases where no note is appended to the names of the Circuit Towns both Civil and Criminal Business must be ready to be taken on the first working day; in other cases the note appended to the name of the Circuit Town indicates the day before which Civil Business will not be taken. In the case of Circuit Towns to which two Judges go there will be no alteration in the old practice.

The Asterisk indicates that the Dates in that Column are liable to alteration (except Chester).

Tues., Jan. 11.....	Mote and adj sums
Wed.12.....	Adj sums
Thursday13.....	Mote and adj sums
Saturday15.....	Sht caus, pets, fur cons, & adj sums
Monday17.....	Sitting in chambers
Tuesday18.....	General paper
Wed.19.....	Mote for Romer, J, and gen pa
Thursday20.....	Mote and adj sums
Friday21.....	Sht caus, pets (including unopposed pets for Romer, J.), fur cons, and adj sums
Saturday22.....	Sitting in chambers
Monday24.....	General paper
Tuesday25.....	Mote for Romer, J, and gen pa
Wed.26.....	Mote and adj sums
Thursday27.....	Sht caus, pets (including unopposed pets for Romer, J.), fur cons, and adj sums
Friday28.....	Sitting in chambers
Saturday29.....	
Monday31.....	
Tues., Feb. 1.....	
Wednesday 2.....	
Thursday 3.....	Actions with wits
Friday 4.....	
Saturday 5.....	
Monday 6.....	Sitting in chambers
Tuesday 8.....	
Wed.9.....	
Thursday 10.....	Actions with wits
Friday 11.....	
Saturday 12.....	

Monday.....14. Sitting in chambers
Tuesday.....15. Actions with wife
Wednesday.....16. Motions and adj sums
Thursday.....17. Sht caus, pets, fur cons, & adj sums
Friday.....18. Sht caus, pets, fur cons, & adj sums
Saturday.....19. Sht caus, pets, fur cons, & adj sums

Any cause intended to be heard as a short cause must be so marked in the cause book at least one clear day before the same can be put in the paper to be so heard. Two copies of minutes of the proposed judgment or order must be left in court with the judge's clerk the day before the cause is to be put in the paper. When witness actions can be taken on any days other than those appointed, due notice will be given.

LORD CHANCELLOR'S COURT. MR. JUSTICE STIRLING.

Tues., Jan. 11. Mots, adj sums, and gen pa
Wednesday 12. General paper
Thursday 13. Mots, adj sums, and gen pa
Friday 14. Sht caus, pets, adj sums, & gen pa
Saturday 15. Sht caus, pets, adj sums, and gen pa
Monday 17. Sitting in chambers
Tuesday 18. General paper
Wednesday 19. Mots for Kekewich, J, and gen pa
Thursday 20. Mots, adj sums, and gen pa
Friday 21. Sht caus, pets (including unopposed pets for Kekewich, J), adj sums, and gen pa
Saturday 22. Sitting in chambers
Monday 24. General paper
Tuesday 25. Mots for Kekewich, J, and gen pa
Wednesday 26. Mots, adj sums, and gen pa
Thursday 27. Sht caus, pets (including unopposed pets for Kekewich, J), adj sums, and gen pa
Friday 28. Sitting in chambers
Saturday 29. General paper
Monday 31. Mots, adj sums, and gen pa
Tuesday 1. Sht caus, pets, adj sums, and gen pa
Wednesday 2. Sitting in chambers
Thursday 3. Witness actions
Friday 4. Sitting in chambers
Saturday 5. General paper
Monday 7. Mots, adj sums, and gen pa
Tuesday 8. Sht caus, pets, adj sums, and gen pa
Wednesday 9. Sitting in chambers
Thursday 10. Witness actions
Friday 11. Sitting in chambers
Saturday 12. General paper
Monday 14. Mots, adj sums, and gen pa
Tuesday 15. Sht caus, pets, adj sums, and gen pa
Wednesday 16. Sitting in chambers
Thursday 17. General paper
Friday 18. Mots, adj sums, and gen pa
Saturday 19. Sht caus, pets, adj sums, and gen pa

Any cause intended to be heard as a short cause must be so marked in the cause book at least one clear day before the same can be put in the paper to be so heard, and the necessary papers, including minutes of the proposed judgment or order, must be left with the judge's clerk one clear day before the cause is to be put into the paper.
Witness actions will probably be taken on other days than those mentioned above. Of these due notice will be given.

CHANCERY COURT IV. MR. JUSTICE KEREWICH.

The following will be the Order of Business according to the days of the week:—
Monday—Sitting in chambers
Tuesday..... General paper
Wednesday..... General paper
Thursday (except Jan. 21 and 28)—Motions and Adjourned Summonses.
The first day of the Sittings, Tuesday, Jan. 11, will also be a Motion day, and Friday, April 1, will be the last day of which Notice of Motion can be given without special leave.
Saturday—Short Causes and Petitions will be taken on Saturday, Jan. 15, and thenceforward (but subject to special arrangements respecting Witness Actions) on alternate Saturdays only instead of on every Saturday as heretofore. The Business for the other Saturdays will

be from time to time announced in the Daily Cause List.

Actions for Trial with Witnesses will be taken on Tuesday, Jan. 18, and continued until the end of the following week. Motions and Unopposed Petitions will be heard during that period by Mr. Justice Stirling.

Actions for Trial with Witnesses will also be taken at other times. Notice will be given in the Daily Cause List.

Mr. Justice Stirling's Motions and Unopposed Petitions will be taken in this Court while he is hearing Witness Actions—viz., on Thursdays, Feb. 3 and 10.

CHANCERY COURT III. MR. JUSTICE BYRNE.

Actions transferred for Trial or Hearing only will be taken in the order in the Cause List on every day of the Sittings, from Jan. 11 to April 6, both inclusive.
Business in the Liverpool and Manchester District Registries will be taken as follows:—
Summonses in Chambers on every other Saturday commencing with Saturday, Jan. 22.
Motions, Short Causes, Petitions, and Adjourned Summonses on every other Saturday, commencing with Saturday, Jan. 22.

CHANCERY COURT II. MR. JUSTICE ROMER.

Tues., Jan. 11. Mots and non wit list
Wednesday 12. Witness list
Thursday 13. Mots and non wit list
Friday 14. Mots and non wit list
Saturday 15. (Pets, sht caus, procedure sums, opposed pets, and non wit list)
Monday 17. Sitting in chambers
Tuesday 18. Witness List
Wednesday 19. Sitting in chambers
Thursday 20. Witness List
Friday 21. Sitting in chambers
Saturday 22. Sitting in chambers
Monday 24. Sitting in chambers
Tuesday 25. Witness List
Wednesday 26. Sitting in chambers
Thursday 27. Witness List
Friday 28. Sitting in chambers
Saturday 29. Sitting in chambers
Monday 31. Sitting in chambers
Tuesday 1. Witness list
Wednesday 2. Mots for North, J
Thursday 3. Mots and non wit list
Friday 4. (Pets, sht caus, opposed pets, procedure sums, and non wit list, including unopposed pets for North, J)
Saturday 5. Sitting in chambers
Monday 7. Witness List
Tuesday 8. Mots for North, J
Wednesday 9. Mots and non wit list
Thursday 10. (Pets, sht caus, procedure sums, opposed pets, and non wit list, including unopposed pets for North, J)
Friday 11. Sitting in chambers
Saturday 12. Witness list
Monday 14. Mots and non wit list
Tuesday 15. (Pets, sht caus, procedure sums, opposed pets, and non wit list)
Wednesday 16. Witness list
Thursday 17. Mots and non wit list
Friday 18. (Pets, sht caus, procedure sums, opposed pets, and non wit list)
Saturday 19. Sitting in chambers

Any cause intended to be heard as a short cause must be so marked in the cause book at least one clear day before the same can be put in the paper to be so heard. Two copies of minutes of the proposed judgment or order must be left in court with the judge's clerk one clear day before the cause is to be put in the paper.

N.B.—The following Papers on Further Consideration are required for the use of the Judge, viz.:—Two Copies of Minutes of the proposed Judgment or Order, 1 Copy Pleadings, and 1 Copy Chief Clerk's Certificate, which must be left in Court with the Judge's Clerk one clear day before the Further Consideration is ready to come into the paper.

COURT OF APPEAL. HILARY SITTINGS, 1898.

APPEAL COURT I.—NOTICES.

Queen's Bench interlocutory appeals will be taken in Court I. on Tuesday, January 11, and afterwards on every Monday in Hilary Sittings. Bankruptcy appeals will be taken on Friday, January 14, and following Fridays.

Queen's Bench final appeals and new trial motions will be taken in Court I. in alternate weeks during the Sittings. New trial motions

will be taken in Court I. on Wednesday, January 12, and following days in that week. Final appeals in the second week.

On Mondays and Fridays final appeals or new trial motions will be taken if there are not enough interlocutory or bankruptcy appeals for a day's paper.

Admiralty appeals (with assessors) will be taken in Court I. on days specially appointed by the Court, notice of which will appear in the Daily Cause List.

APPEAL COURT II.—NOTICES.

N.B.—Interlocutory appeals from the Chancery and Probate and Divorce Divisions will be taken in Court II. on Tuesday, January 11, and afterwards on every Wednesday in Hilary Sittings.

N.B.—Subject to Chancery interlocutory appeals on Wednesdays, Chancery final appeals will be taken every day in Court II. until further notice.

N.B.—When the interlocutory appeals are not enough for a day's paper, Chancery final appeals will be added on interlocutory days.

N.B.—Probate and Divorce final appeals will be taken in the Chancery Appeal List as reached.

Appeals from the Lancaster and Durham Palatine Courts (if any) will be taken in Court II. on Thursday, January 13, Thursday, February 3, and Thursday, March 3.

FROM THE CHANCERY DIVISION, THE PROBATE, DIVORCE, AND ADMIRALTY DIVISION (PROBATE AND DIVORCE), AND THE COUNTY PALATINE AND STANNARIES COURTS.

(Final List.)

1896.

In re Machin & Bradshaw's Contract & V & P Act, 1874 app of J H Crofts & ors from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated June 13, 1895 (perfected Feb 10, 1897) May 13
In re The Russian Spratt's Patent Id, Johnson v The Russian Spratt's Patent Id app of plt from order of Mr Justice Stirling, dated April 30, 1897 May 27
The Automatic Diversions Syndicate, ld v Urry app of pls from order of Mr Justice Byrne, dated March 29, 1897 (security ordered) May 27
In re Griffiths Duncombe v Waterlow app of plt from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated July 31, 1897 (order not perfected) Aug 21
Somes v Scott Bros app of pls from order of Mr Justice Byrne, dated June 4, 1897 Aug 30
Jamieson & Co v Jamieson app of dft from order of Mr Justice Byrne, dated Aug 12, 1897 Aug 30
In re Manning Manning v Manning app of plt from order of Mr Justice North, dated July 30, 1897 Sept 9
Paul v Paul app of plt in person from order of Mr. Justice Byrne, dated July 7, 1897 Sept 17
In re Mary Ross' Charity and Charitable Trusts Acts, &c app of the Churchwardens of Bishops Hatfield from order of Mr. Justice North, dated July 10, 1897 Sept 29
In re Roberts, Bird v Roberts app of dft from order of Mr. Justice Kekewich, dated Aug 7, 1897 Sept 29
Cheetham v Higinbotham app of pls from order of Mr Justice Kennedy for Mr Justice Byrne, dated Aug 12, 1897 (Manchester District Registry Action) Oct 20
Taylor v Blake app of plt from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated July 7, 1897 Oct 23
Bengough v Bengough app of dft from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated July 8, 1897 Oct 27
In re The Mersey Ry Co & Ry Co's Act, 1867 app of the company from order of Mr Justice Stirling, dated Aug 10, 1897 (s.o. until motion disposed of) Oct 28
Mason v Keays app of plt from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Nov 5, 1897 Nov 13
Arkwright v Davenport app of plt from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Nov 2, 1897 Nov 15
In re Treherne Weldon v Williams app of plt in person from order of Mr Justice Byrne, dated Nov 15, 1897 (order not perfected) Nov 17
Hockey v Western app of plt from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Nov 12, 1897 (order not perfected) Nov 18
Hunt v Frupp app of dft S H Cohen from order of Mr Justice Byrne, dated Nov 12, 1897 Nov 20
In re Burton Middleton v Middleton app of dfts A Middleton and ors from order of Mr Justice Stirling, dated Nov 13, 1897 Nov 23
In re The Co's Act, 1862 to 1890, & In re The McDonald Gold Mines Id app of James Duncan from order of Mr Justice Wright, dated Nov 24, 1897 Nov 25
Dredge v Parnell app of plt from order of Mr Justice Romer, dated Nov 23, 1897 Nov 26
In re Ruston Melville v Ruston app of dft from order of Mr Justice North, dated Nov 15, 1897 Nov 29
The Devon & Cornwall Banking Co, ld v Honey app of dft A Jolliffe from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated May 18, 1897 Dec 1
Dowler v Keeling app of plt from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Dec 1, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 2
In re Ridley Ridley v Vaughan app of dfts J E Vaughan and ors from order of Mr Justice North, dated Nov 22, 1897 Dec 3
Ullmann v Ullmann app of dft from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Nov 23, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 6
Paget v Paget app of plt from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Nov 16, 1897 Dec 7

Betts v Betts app of dft A Betts from order of Mr Justice Romer, dated Nov 24, 1897 Dec 8
Pneumatic Tyre Co ld v Tubeless Pneumatic Tyre and Capon Heaton ld app of plts from order of Mr Justice Romer, dated Dec 8, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 10
In re Deighton & Harries' Contract and V & P Act, 1874 app of applt from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Dec 4, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 10
The Somersetshire Drainage Commrs v Corpn of Bridgwater app of dfts from order of Mr Justice Romer, dated Nov 9, 1897 Dec 10
In re Piercy Whitwham v Piercy app of dfts from order of Mr Justice North, dated June 2, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 15
In re The Companies Act, 1862 to 1896 & In re The West London & General Permanent Benefit Building Soc app of Elizabeth Thomson from order of Mr Justice Wright, dated Nov 10, 1897 Dec 15
In re an Appln for Registration of No 199,537 in Class 34 & Patents, Designs, &c Acts app of E Ripley & Son from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Dec 3, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 17
In re Hughes Brandon v Hughes app of plt from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Nov 18, 1897 Dec 22
Golding v W Reilly & Co, ld app of dfts from order of Mr Justice Stirling, dated Dec 9, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 22
In re Hannan's King Gold Mining Co, ld & Co's Act, 1862 app of J H W Irvin & anr from order of Mr Justice Stirling, dated Dec 4, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 22

FROM THE CHANCERY DIVISION.

(Interlocutory List.)

1897.

Wilkinson v Leyland app of dft from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Aug 10, 1897 (order not perfected) Aug 13
Lake v Harrison app of dft from order of Mr Justice North, dated Aug 4, 1897 (order not perfected) Aug 20
Feltham v Chester app of dft from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Oct 29, 1897 Nov 6
Raleigh v Goschen app of plt from order of Mr Justice Romer, dated Nov 13, 1897 Dec 10
The Saccharin Corp'n, ld v The Chemicals & Drug Co, ld app of plts from order of Mr Justice North, dated Dec 10, 1897 Dec 16
Boord v The African Consolidated Land & Trading Co, ld app of dfts from order of Mr Justice North, dated Dec 10, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 18
Langlier v Bender app of plt from order of Mr Justice Kekewich, dated Dec 17, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 21
The Barnsley Corp'n v Hanson & Son app of plts from order of Mr Justice North, dated Dec 21, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 22

FROM THE PROBATE AND DIVORCE DIVISION.

(Final List.)

E Kettlewell v C S Kettlewell (Divorces) app of petnr from order of the President, dated Dec 6, 1897 Dec 20

FROM THE QUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION.

Judgment Reserved.

(Interlocutory List.)

Dunn v Appleton & Co app of dft from order of Mr Justice Day, dated Dec 19, 1897 (c a v Dec 21)

FROM THE QUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION.

For Hearing.

(Final List.)

1897.

Llewellyn & ors v Vale of Glamorgan Ry Co app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Wright, dated May 31, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex July 12
Grant v The Great Western Ry Co app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Collins, dated June 29, 1897, at trial with special jury, Glamorgan July 14
The Queensland National Bank ld v The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated July 6, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex (s o liberty to apply) July 19
The Yorkshire Trust ld (in liquidation) v The Lancashire Trust & Mortgage Ince Corp'n ld app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated July 13, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex July 20
The Queen v Lacon & Co ld (Crown side) app of G E Lacey from judgt of Justices Cave and Ridley, dated July 9, 1897 July 21
The Anglo-West Australian Agency ld v Russell's Westralia Syndicate ld & ors app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated July 13, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex July 22
Durham v Robertson app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated July 14, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex July 23
Aktiebolaget Separator v Dairy Outfit Co, ld app of plts from judgt of Mr Justice Wright, dated April 12, 1897, without a jury, Middlesex July 26
Bryant v W Hancock & Co, ld app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Lawrence, dated July 24, 1897, at trial without a jury, Glamorgan Aug 2
Wright v Butler app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated July 24, 1897, Middlesex Aug 5

E Wood v The Mayor, &c of the Boro' of Widnes (Crown side) app of repts from judgt of Justices Lawrence & Ridley, dated July 24, 1897 Aug 6
Trinder, Anderson, & Co v Thames & Mersey Marine Ince Co app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Kennedy, dated July 23, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 6
Same v North Queensland Ince Co, ld app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Kennedy, dated July 23, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 6
Same v Weston, Crocker & ors app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Kennedy, dated July 23, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 6
The Westport Coal Cold v McPhail app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Kennedy, dated July 23, 1897, at trial with special jury, Middlesex by order Aug 13
Waggett & ors v Maton & anr app of plts from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated July 9, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 10
Calcraft v Guest app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Collins, dated July 23, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 10
The Mersey Steamship Co ld v Mayor, &c, of London app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated July 9, 1897, at trial with special jury, Middlesex Aug 11
The Sunlight Incandescent Gas Lamp Co ld v The Incandescent Gaslight Co ld app of plts from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated July 23, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 12
Allan & ors v White & Co ld app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated Aug 5, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 12
Spooner v T & W Browning app of plts from judgt of Mr Justice Hawkins, dated Aug 9, 1897, at trial with special jury, Middlesex Aug 12
In re Bills of Sale Act, 1882 Wickens (applicant) v Shuckburgh (rept) app of rpt from judgt of Mr Justice Day, dated Aug 9, 1897 Aug 14
Spyer & anr v Gardner app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated July 26, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 14
The Guardians of the Poor of the Dorking Union v The Guardians of the Poor of St Saviour's Union (Crown side) app of repts from judgt of Justices Collins and Ridley, dated July 30, 1897 Aug 14
Smith & ors (Overseers of the Parish of Worthing) v Richmond (Surveyor of Taxes) Revenue app of repts from judgt of Justices Collins and Ridley, dated Aug 2, 1897 (day to be fixed) Aug 16
Attorney-Gen v Mayor, &c, of Tynemouth app of dfts from judgt of Justices Grantham and Wright, dated May 20, 1897, on special case Aug 16
Kelly v London Pavilion ld app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Hawkins, dated Aug 11, 1897, at trial with special jury, Middlesex Aug 16
Kelly v The Oxford ld app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Hawkins, dated Aug 11, 1897, at trial with special jury, Middlesex Aug 16
Kelly v The New Tivoli ld app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Hawkins, dated Aug 11, 1897, at trial with special jury, Middlesex Aug 16
Dane's Discount Co ld v Bulpett app of plts from judgt of Mr Justice Ridley, dated Aug 3, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 16
The Ruabon Steamship Co ld v The London Assee app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated Aug 6, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 20
Spalding & ors v Crocker & ors app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated May 11, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 23
Harper & ors v Lees app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Cave, dated Aug 10, 1897, at trial without a jury, Birmingham Aug 23
Ibbotson v Ibbotson, Bros & Co, ld app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Wright, dated Aug 12, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 24
The Assessment Committee of the Stockport Union v The London & North Western Ry Co (Crown side) app of applts from judgt of Justices Lawrence & Ridley, dated Aug 11, 1897 Aug 24
Hirsch & Co v Wood app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated Aug 12, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 26
Koffyfontein Mines ld v Hirsch & Co app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated Aug 12, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Aug 26
The Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik v La Societe Chimique des Usines, &c app of plts from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated Aug 7, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Oct 2
Chalk v Digby app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated Aug 10, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Oct 23
Fowler v Stanley & ors app of plt from judgt of Mr Commissioner McCall, Q.C., dated Aug 6, 1897 Oct 26
Tyldesley-with-Shakerley Urban District Council v The Atherton Urban District Council app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Kennedy, dated Aug 4, 1897, at trial without a jury, Liverpool Oct 30
Universal Stock Exchange v Hogan app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Bigham, dated Nov 2, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Nov 4
King v Williams app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated Nov 1, 1897, at trial with special jury, Middlesex Nov 4
E S Medway v The Greenwich Inland Linoleum Co ld (Crown Side) app of dfts from judgt of Justices Wright & Kennedy, dated Oct 30, 1897 Nov 5
Buckwell v Norman (Crown Side) app of plt from judgt of Justices Wright & Kennedy, dated Oct 27, 1897 Nov 8
Carter v Clough app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Wright, dated Aug 6, 1897, at trial without a jury, York Nov 10

Sumpter v Hedges app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Bruce, dated Nov 2, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Nov 10
Wheeler v Fradd app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Wills, dated Oct 28, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Nov 11
London County Council v London Hydraulic Power Co app of dfts from judgt of Justices Wright and Kennedy, dated Nov 6, 1897 Nov 15
Nicholson v Fisher app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Bruce, dated Nov 1, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Nov 15
Thomson v White app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated Aug 5, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Nov 16
United Flexible Metallic Tubing Co ld v Allen & Sons app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, dated Nov 5, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Nov 16
Attorney-Gen v The Rev H Beech & W Beech (Revenue) app of dfts from judgt of Baron Pollock & Mr Justice Ridley, dated July 28, 1897 Nov 17
Cummins v Smith app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated July 21, 1897, at trial without a jury Nov 18
Passingham v King app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Kennedy, dated Nov 13, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Nov 22
Reis v MacCallum app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Bigham, dated Nov 10, 1897, at trial, &c Nov 24
White v Turnbull, Martin, & Co app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Bigham, dated Nov 16, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Nov 24
Bagshawes ld v Beck & anr (Poppleton, clmt) app of clmt from judgt of Mr Justice Bigham, dated Nov 8, 1898 Nov 25
The Colne Fishing Co & The Mayor, &c. of The Boro' of Colchester v Chapman & anr app of plts from judgt of Mr Justice Ridley, dated Oct 26, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Nov 25
The Mersey Docks & Harbour Board v R Hunter, Craig, & Co app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated Nov 13, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Nov 27
Oxley (an infant) v Wilks & ors app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Darling, dated Nov 15, 1897, at trial with common jury, Middlesex Nov 29
Lyons v Showell's Brewery Co ld app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated Nov 22, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Dec 1
Harding v Pooley app of dft from judgt of Justices Wright and Kennedy, dated Nov 3, 1897 Dec 1
Clarkson v Button app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Ridley, dated Nov 26, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Dec 1
Wiesener v Levison app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Darling, dated Nov 10, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Dec 3
Attorney-Gen (Informant) v C M Strange (Revenue) app of informant from judgt of Justices Vaughan Williams and Kennedy, dated Aug 12, 1897 Dec 6
Hall v Mildren app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, dated Nov 12, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Dec 6
Martin, Short, & Co v Montgomery app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated Dec 4, 1897, at trial without a jury Dec 8
Stange & Co v Lowitz app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Ridley, dated Nov 24, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Dec 8
E J Phillips v The School Board for London (Crown Side) app of plt from judgt of Justices Wright and Kennedy, dated Oct 27, 1897 Dec 9
R K Cockerton v The School Board for London (Crown Side) app of plt from judgt of Justices Wright and Kennedy, dated Oct 27, 1897 Dec 9
Sea Insurance Co, ld & anor v Blogg app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated Nov 5, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Dec 10
Mackinnon v Clark app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Kennedy, dated Dec 2, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Dec 11
Belmarco v The London Hansatic Bank, ld app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Mathew, dated Nov 29, 1897, at trial without a jury Dec 14
Groves v Wimborne app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Grantham, dated Dec 3, 1897, at trial without a jury, Cardiff Dec 14
Schneker, Walford, & Co v Glanville & ors app of plts from judgt of Mr Justice Bigham, dated Dec 3, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Dec 17
Major v Storey app of plt from judgt of Mr Justice Darling, dated Dec 10, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Dec 18
Wardens of the New Bridge of Rochester & ors v Cory & Son app of dfts from judgt of the Lord Chief Justice, dated Nov 22, 1897, at trial, &c., Middlesex Dec 20
The Pontefract Park Trustees (Apple) v The Assessment Committee of the Pontefract Union (Repts) (Crown Side) app of appls from judgt of Justices Wright & Kennedy, dated Nov 26, 1897 Dec 20
J. Hartley & ors (Apple) v The Assessment Committee of the Pontefract Union (Repts) (Crown Side) app of appls from judgt of Justices Wright & Kennedy, dated Nov 26, 1897 Dec 20
Warren v Moore app of dft from judgt of Mr Justice Hawkins, dated Dec 14, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Dec 23
The Bahamas Inague Sial Plantation, ld v Griffin app of plts from judgt of Mr Justice Bigham, dated Dec 14, 1897, at trial without a jury, Middlesex Dec 23

FROM THE PROBATE, DIVORCE, AND ADMIRALTY DIVISION (ADMIRALTY).

For Hearing.

(With Nautical Assessors.)

1897.

The Orotava 1897 Folio 312 (salvage) **The Perim Coal Co, ld v The**

Owners of The ss Orotava, cargo and freight appl of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Gorell Barnes, dated June 29, 1897 July 8
The Barnemore 1897 Folio 348 (damage) **The Oceanic Steam Navigation Co, ld (Owners of Nonadict) v Owners of Barnemore** app of dfts from judgt of Mr Justice Gorell Barnes, dated July 26, 1897 July 30
The Glengyle 1897 Folios 429 & 442 (consolidated) **The Neptune Salvage Co, ld, of Stockholm & ors v Owners of Glengyle, cargo and freight** app of dfts from judgt of Mr. Justice Gorell Barnes, dated Dec 6, 1897 Dec 16

FROM THE QUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION.

(New Trial Paper.)

1897.

Makin & Sandiford v Greenbalgh appl of dft for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated July 17, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Bruce and common jury, Manchester Aug 6
Young v Bailey appl of dft for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated July 3, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Vaughan Williams & special jury, Middlesex Sept 1
Bone & anr v Johnstone app of plts for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Aug 12, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Lawrance and common jury, Winchester Oct 12
Gomersall v Davies app of dft for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Aug 2, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Wright and common jury, Leeds Oct 23
Milsum (trading, &c) v Bechstein app of dft for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Oct 27, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Lawrance and special jury, Middlesex Nov 6
Blackwell v British Burma Exploration Syndicate ld appln of dfts for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Nov 6, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Lawrance and special jury Nov 15
Jones v Hewitt appln of dft for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Nov 9, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Mathew and special jury, Middlesex Nov 16
Crook v Lamond appln of dft for judgt or new trial on app of verdict & judgt, dated Oct 28, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Lawrance and special jury, Middlesex Nov 24
Bobey v Arnold & anr appln of plt for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Nov 13, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Darling & common jury, Middlesex, and cross notice of dfts, dated Nov 20, 1897 Nov 27
Buhl v Chope appln of plt for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Nov 22, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Darling and common jury, Middlesex Nov 29
Hobman v Bruce & Co, ld appln of dfts for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Nov 26, 1897, at trial before the Lord Chief Justice and special jury, Middlesex Dec 3
Whitfield v Bishop Auckland Urban District Council appln of dfts for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Nov 19, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Wright and special jury, Durham Dec 3
The Monarch Syndicate, ld v Pollock appln of dft for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Nov 25, 1897, at trial before the Lord Chief Justice and special jury, Middlesex Dec 4
Bond v Biddle appln of plt for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Nov 23, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Darling and common jury, Middlesex Dec 6
Pankhurst v Slaney & anr appln of plt for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Nov 19, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Bruce and special jury, Manchester Dec 6
Browne v Madge & anr appln of dfts for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Dec 6, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Darling and common jury, Middlesex Dec 13
Woodward v Schemeising appln of plt for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Dec 6, 1897, at trial before Mr Justice Darling and common jury, Middlesex Dec 14
The Omnium Gold Mining Assoc ld v The Banque de Brabant appln of dfts for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Dec 8, 1897, at trial before the Lord Chief Justice and special jury, Middlesex Dec 23
Fox v The Evening News ld appln of plt for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Dec 16, 1897, at trial before the Lord Chief Justice & special jury, Middlesex Dec 24
Fox v The Star Newspaper ld appln of plt for judgt or new trial on app from verdict & judgt, dated Dec 16, 1897, at trial before the Lord Chief Justice & special jury, Middlesex Dec 24

FROM THE QUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION.

(In Bankruptcy.)

1897.

Expte Appln (in Bankruptcy) against the refusal by Mr Registrar Giffard to issue a bankruptcy notice, the 16th Dec, 1897 pt hd
In re Palmer (expte Brims) against an order of Mr Registrar Brougham setting aside a bankruptcy notice
In re Regan (expte The Debtor) against an order of Mr Justice Wright, dated Nov 15, 1897
In re Edlin (expte E H Seddon) from an order of the Divisional Court, dated Nov 23, 1897

FROM THE QUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION.

(Interlocutory List.)

1897.

Vaisey v Barnett app of dft from order of Mr Justice Day, dated Dec 7, 1897 Dec 10

The Cannon Brewery v Nash app of dft from order of Mr Justice Day, dated Dec 7, 1897 Dec 13
 Grosvenor & anr v Saunders app of dft from order of Mr Justice Day, dated Dec 14, 1897 Dec 18
 Nightingale v Bridgett & anr app of plf from order of Mr Justice Day, dated Dec 8, 1897 Dec 20
 Gower v Couldridge & ors app of dft Man from order of Mr Justice Day, dated Dec 10, 1897 Dec 20
 The Queen on the prosecution of J H Shaw v The Justices of the West Riding of the County of York (Crown Side) app of J H Shaw from order of Justices Mathew and Kennedy, dated Dec 1, 1897 (order not perfected) Dec 20
 De Hatzfeldt Wildenburg v Pless app of dft from order of Mr Justice Day, dated Dec 20, 1897 Dec 22
 The Municipal Corporations Act, 1882. In the Matter of the Election Petition of the School Board of London (Chelsea Division) Lord Monks-well & ors, petrs, v Thompson, respts app of respts from order at chambers, dated Dec 21, 1897 Dec 23
 Lowe v Godward & ors app of plf from order of Mr Justice Day, dated Dec 9, 1897 Dec 24

N.B.—The above List contains Chancery, Palatine, and Queen's Bench Final and Interlocutory Appeals set down to Friday, Dec 24, 1897, inclusive.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.

CHANCERY DIVISION.

HILARY SITTINGS, 1898.

Notices relating to the Chancery Cause List.

Motions, Petitions, and Short Causes will be taken on the usual days stated in the Hilary Sittings Paper, with the following exceptions, viz.:

Mr. Justice North.—In consequence of Mr. Justice North sitting for the disposal of his lordship's own witness list, from Tuesday, February 1, until Saturday, February 12, and on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, February 15, 16, and 17 (inclusive), his lordship's motions and unopposed petitions will be taken by Mr. Justice Romer—that is to say, motions on Thursday, February 3, and Thursday, February 10; unopposed petitions on Saturday, February 5, and Saturday, February 12. When the witness list can be taken on any days other than those above appointed, due notice will be given.

Mr. Justice Stirling.—In consequence of Mr. Justice Stirling sitting for the disposal of his lordship's own witness list, from Tuesday, February 1, until Saturday, February 12 (inclusive), his lordship's motions and unopposed petitions during that time will be taken by Mr. Justice Kekewich—that is to say, motions and unopposed petitions on Thursday, February 3, and Thursday, February 10.

Mr. Justice Kekewich.—The order of business before Mr. Justice Kekewich will be as stated on the sittings paper. Actions for trial with witnesses will be taken on Tuesday, January 18, and continued until the end of the following week. They will also be taken at other times. Notice will be given in the Daily Cause List.

Mr. Justice Romer.—Witness actions will be commenced on Wednesday, January 12. In consequence of Mr. Justice Romer sitting for the disposal of his lordship's own witness list, from Tuesday, January 18, until Saturday, January 29 (inclusive), his lordship's motions and unopposed petitions during that time will be taken by Mr. Justice North—that is to say, motions on Thursday, January 20, and Thursday, January 27; unopposed petitions on Saturday, January 22, and Saturday, January 29. When the witness list is being taken, further considerations will not be taken on the Tuesday.

Mr. Justice Byrne will take witness actions every day in the order as they stand in his lordship's cause book.

Liverpool and Manchester Business.—Mr. Justice Byrne will take Liverpool and Manchester business as follows:—

1. Summonses in chambers will be taken on every other Saturday, commencing with Saturday, January 22.

2. Motions, short causes, petitions, and adjourned summonses on every other Saturday, commencing with Saturday, January 22.

Summonses before the judge in chambers.—Justices North, Stirling, Kekewich, and Romer will sit in court the whole day on every Monday during the sittings to hear chamber summonses.

Summonses adjourned into court will be taken (subject to the witness list) as follows: Mr. Justice North on the days stated in the Hilary Sittings paper, and on Fridays and Saturdays; Mr. Justice Stirling, with non-witness actions; Mr. Justice Kekewich on Fridays and Saturdays; Mr. Justice Romer, with non-witness actions, except procedure summonses, which (if any) are taken every Saturday, and also on other days as the judges may direct.

Special Notice with Reference to the Chancery Witness Lists.

During the Hilary Sittings the judges will sit for the disposal of their own witness lists as follows:

Mr. Justice North will take his witness list for the fortnight beginning on Tuesday, February 1, and will sit continuously (Monday, February 7, excepted) until Saturday, February 12, and on the Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday following, February 15, 16, and 17.

Mr. Justice Stirling will begin on Tuesday, February 1, and sit continuously (Monday, February 7, excepted) until Saturday, February 12.

Mr. Justice Kekewich will begin on Tuesday, January 18, and sit continuously (Monday, January 24, excepted) until Saturday, January 29.

Mr. Justice Romer will take his witness list as stated in the sittings paper.

N.B.—When the witness list can be taken on any days other than those above appointed, due notice will be given.

During the fortnight when a judge is engaged on his witness list, motions in causes or matters assigned to him (including ex parte motions, but not including motions relating to the postponement of the trial or hearing of any cause or matter in his lordship's list), and also unopposed petitions assigned to him, will be heard by one of his colleagues as follows:

Those assigned to Mr. Justice North will be heard by Mr. Justice Romer.

Those assigned to Mr. Justice Stirling will be heard by Mr. Justice Kekewich.

Those assigned to Mr. Justice Kekewich will be heard by Mr. Justice Stirling.

Those assigned to Mr. Justice Romer will be heard by Mr. Justice North.

Chancery Causes for Trial or Hearing.

(Set down to December 24, 1897, inclusive.)

Before Mr. Justice North.
 Causes for Trial (with witnesses).

Collins v Woodfield act

Thomson v Floyd & Co act

Attenborough v Williamson act

In re The Companies' Acts and In

re The New Alburina Gold

Mining Co, ld motn entered in

Witness List (restored by order)

Jordan v The Sutton Southcoates,

&c, Gas Co act

Hood v Hawkins act

Archer v Stone act

Edwards v Bridgland act

The Pioneer Gold Co ld v Will-

son act

Stansfeld v D'Este act

Fokes v Drew act & counter

claim

Hunt v Worsfold act

Nash v Dix act

Wright v Long act

Wortham v Smellie, the younger

act

Coghlan v Cumberland act

Morgan v Attenborough act

Munday v White act

In re Trade-Mark, 88,128 of 1889 &

Patents, &c, Acts motn entered

in Witness List by order dft S

Challoner dead

Davis v Matthews act

Willans v Wheable act

Incandescent Gas Light Co ld v

Seligman act

Heidemann v Smokeless Powder

Co ld act

Hallett v Hallett act

Lascelles, Tickner, & Co ld v Bur-

rell act

Attenborough v Jay act

Bacon v Wheable act

Wilson v Wilson act

Glasman v Glasman, Gregory &

Co act dft dead

Twyford v Twyford act

Frewen v The Exploration Co, ld

act

Evans v Jones Evans v Jones

Jones v Evans act, counter-

claim and m f j

Trower v Radcliffe act & m f j

Radcliffe v Trower act (transferred

from Kekewich, J) advanced by

order

Clark v Wigley act

Pneumatic Tyre Co ld v Speed Tyre

Co ld act

The Automatic Brake Syndicate,

&c ld v New Enfield Cycle Co ld

act

Bathyan v Sykes act

Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Co ld v J

& J Robertson ld act

Mander v Hurt act

Swail v Child act

In re Clegg Colepeper v Colepeper

act

Daniel & Arter v Whitehouse act

Todd v Amyott act

Morley v Stanley act

Goldsmid v Incandescent Fire

Mantel & Stove Co ld act

Chillingworth v Chambers act

In re the Dunlop Truffault Cycle &

Tube Manufacturing Co ld &

Co's Acts motn entered in witness list

Blalberg v Taylor act & m f j

The Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Co ld

v The Grappler Pneumatic Tyre

Co ld act (pleadings to be

delivered)

Hay v Gore act

The Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Co ld

v Green act

In re Dawson Leage v Job act

Wieland v Lord Fitzhardinge act

The Llangollen Urban District

Council v Best act

Wilson v Wooler act

The Howard Football Syndicate ld

v Sykes act

Clark & Grunhut v Crozier & Co

act

Williams v Bruton act

Dyke v Allman act

Collins v Jones act

Crampton v Carus-Wilson act

Miller v Curwen act

Topp v Milbank act & m f j

Hallows v Anderson act

London County Council v London

Tramways Co ld act

Turner v Stanley act

Judd v Byrne act

Rapley v Futvoys, Field, & Baker

act

Knowles v Ford & Co act

Scriven v Nevill act

Same v Same act

In re Chester Chester v Chester

act

The Pneumatic Rubber Stamp Co

ld v Lindner act

Poster v Wagstaffe act

In re Ehrhardt's Patent, No 3,116

of 1891 petn entered in Witness

List

Lord Iveagh v Davies act

Massingberd v Massingberd act

Spurgeon v Keddie act

Holt v May act

Gregory v Freame act

The Lea Conservancy Board v Lon-

don Agency ld act & counter-

claim

Cook v Suart (1897—C—500) act

Same v. Same (1897—C—501) act

F O Calvert & Co v D Calvert & Co

act

Wild v. Elborne act

Bevan v Bevan act

Kilner v Taylor act and counter-

claim

The Trustees, Executors, &c ld v

The Deutsche Bank act

Woodward v Darley & Cumberland

act

Moran v Raby act

Friedlaender v Baring act

Bolleau v Heath act

Octopus ld v Harding & Co act

Hiscock v Lakenby act

Bilton v Woodbridge act

Brown v Cook act

Brook v Cook act

Bovril, ld v Bouillon Fleet, ld act

pleadings to be delivered

Same v MacSymons' Stores, ld act

pleadings to be delivered

Same v McBirnie act pleadings to be delivered
 Same v Evans act pleadings to be delivered
 Same v Shaw act pleadings to be delivered
 Same v J P Evans & Co act pleadings to be delivered
 Pierce v Weston act
 In re Buckett Aldridge v Buckett act
 Essex Equitable Permanent Building Soc v Simmons act
 Simmance v W Sugg & Co, ld act
 Darby v London Agency, ld act
 Delannoy v The Hostabach Copper Syndicate, ld act
 Edison United Phonograph Co, & v Roberts act
 Keates v Keates act & counter-claim
 Reynolds v Biltcliffe act
 Duhamel et Cie v Cunningham Egg Fruit Co act
 Ellis v Churly act
 Goode v Bridgewater & Co act
 Banister v Landon act
 Burr v Sir J Pitman & Sons ld act without pleadings
 Jacob v Hardie act
 Holford v Blaiberg act (pleadings to be delivered)
 Davis v White Cliffs Opal Mines ld act
 White Cliffs Opal Mines ld v Davis act (transferred from Q B Division)
 Inskip v Horwood act
 Leigh v Baron de L'Isle act
 Poney v Hordern act & m f j
 The London Property Investment Co ld v Shinalnicoff act
 In re Waymouth Waymouth v Waymouth act
 Willis v Aste act
 The Improved Electric Glo Lamp Co v The Edison and Swan United Electric Light Co ld act
 In re Joel & Fantas' Patent, No 23,111 of 1895, and Patents, &c Acts ptn entered in Witness List
 Shaw v Holland act
 Brown (trading, &c) v Woodard act
 Price v Gray act
 MacVine v Miller act
 Warwick v Stansfield's Patent Aerial Flight Co act
 Kerfoot v Goddoulton act
 The Bournmouth & Branksome Land Soc ld v Jeanes act
 In re Graydon's Patents, No 18,007 of 1893 & No 16,927 of 1894 ptn entered in Witness List
 Smith v Bridgewater act
 Blair v Fuller's ld act
 A Lawes ld v Goodchild act
 South African Republic v La Compagnie Franco-Belge du Chemin de fer du Nord, &c act
 Zumbbeck v Bradford act
 Stedman v Carpenter act & m f j
 T P Lee & Co ld v T P Lee act
 Paine v Clements act
 Weymes v Kuollys act & m f j
 In re Elliott Mines v Hare act
 T E Brinsmead & Sons ld v Lomax act & m f j
 Donn v Sprung act
 Brinkley v Theobald act
 Adjourned Summonses.
 In re Kenyon & Costeker v V & P Act, 1874 pt hd (restored)
 In re Hancock, one, &c (taxation) pt hd
 In re Devey Lewis v Farmer
 In re Paget Paget v Kenrick
 In re Dickey Simpson v Faulkner
 In re Same Same v Same
 In re Robinson Robinson v Robinson
 In re Davis Davis v Davis

In re Gyde Ward v Little
 In re Waring Waring v Hill
 In re Kett Tompson, Gurney, & Co v Viscount Canterbury
 In re Barker Ravenshaw v Barker further hearing of adjd summs
 In re Fetherstonhaugh's Settlement
 In re Rolls In re Gilders Rolls v Meredith
 In re White Franklin v White
 In re Jane Jane v Jane
 In re Dickey Simpson v Faulkner
 In re Cliff Taylor v Nickinson
 In re Barrett In re Hounsell Heppenstall v Barrett
 In re Worrall Worrall v Stuart
 In re Merlin Thurburn v Merlin
 In re Walker's Settled Estates & S L Acts
 In re Sweeting, one, &c (taxation)
 In re Drinkwater Drinkwater v Field
 In re Bagater Bagater v Shaw
 In re Syms White v Wale
 In re Crofton Roper v Crofton
 In re Nowell's Settlement & Trustee Act, 1893
 In re Metcalfe Walls v Metcalfe
 In re The Shropshire Mineral Light Ry Bill, 1891, &c
 In re Kershaw Elworthy v Tidman
 In re Strickland Skaife v Strickland
 In re Smith Marriott v Dyson
 In re Chamberlain Hogan v Cockerell
 In re Quick Kennedy v Quick
 Bowers v Bowers
 In re Perkins Poyser v Beyfus
 In re Callingham & Shepherd's Contract & V & P Act
 In re Mitchell Mitchell v Mitchell
 In re Crichton Neale v Crichton
 In re Russell Literary, &c Institution Figgins v Baghino
 In re Slaney's Settled Estates & Settled Land Acts
 In re Broughall Shackleton v Smith
 In re Reina Frost v Lucas
 In re Lambe Lambe v Lambe
 South African Republic v La Compagnie Franco-Belge, &c

Further Considerations.

In re Pain Pain v Pain restored
 Willes v Lucas fur con & adjd summs
 In re Hodgson Darley v Hodgson fur con

Before Mr. Justice STIRLING.
 Causes for Trial (with witnesses).
 Woodhead v Woodhead act (not before Jan 25)
 Whitwham v Watkin act
 Roe v Walpole act
 Bennett v Robinson act
 Clements v Clements act
 Stephens v Stephens act
 In re Romulus Norwood's Patent, No 21,374, —A D—1891, and Patents &c Acts petition entered in witness list
 Basset v New Brighton Graydon Castle, &c Co ld act, counter-claim & m f j
 Banfield v Higgins act
 The Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Co ld v The Preston, Davis Tyre & Valve Co act
 Walker v King act
 In re Marsh Marsh v Joseph further appln on summs, ordered to go into Witness List
 Briggs v Waterhouse act
 Willis v J Weiner ld act
 Harris v Lewis act
 In re Whiter, Macalister v Whiter act
 Faithfull v Kemp act & counter-claim
 The London & Foreign Contract

Corpn ld v Goldbourne act & motn for judgt
 Sanderson v King act
 Sewell v Bottomley act
 Bayley v Hooley act
 Flood v Estcourt Estcourt v Flood act & counter-claim (consolidated)
 Davies v Jones act
 Foxon, Robinson & Co, ld v D Rylands, ld act
 The Associated Press v The United Press act
 British Motor Syndicate ld v British Motor Carriage and Cycle Co ld act (pleadings to be delivered)
 In re Westendarp, Hanrott v Westendarp act (without pleadings)
 Hutchinson v Papillon act
 Huntley-Gordon v The Standard, &c, Co ld act
 Nightingale v Kent act (transferred from Q B Division)
 Jenkins v Jenkins act and counter-claim
 Vestry of St Mary, Battersea v County of London, &c, Lighting Co ld act
 Crump v Arrowsmith act
 The Birmingham Breweries ld v Tompson act (without pleadings)
 In re T W Robertson's Patent pet entered in witness list (security ordered)
 In re Taylor Atkinson v Lord act & m f j (set down by order)
 Windmuller v Booker & Withers act
 Croysdale v Sunbury-on-Thames Urban District Council act
 Barrett v Barrett act
 De Young v Chandler act & counter-claim
 Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Co ld v Stone act
 Owen v Peters act
 Blaiberg v Mear act
 Prechter v New Rio Tinto Copper Co ld act
 Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Co ld v Smith's Patent ld act
 Sims v Doolette act
 Selby v Rose, &c ld act
 Cavendish Land Co ld v Plumbly act
 Allen Everitt & Sons ld v Commercial Consols ld act
 Nisbet v Saxon & Co act
 In re W Gardner Gardner v Gardner adjd summs set down as witness act
 Lovely v Fotheringham act
 Calvert v The Murchison United Gold Mines ld act & counter-claim
 Presto Gear Case & Components Co ld v Simplex Gear Case Co ld act
 Maude v Salt, Sons & Co ld act (pleadings to be delivered)
 Green v Dent act
 British North Borneo Development Corpn ld v Colmer act & m f j
 In re Reynolds, Reynolds v Stebbing adjd summs entered in Witness List
 Read v Eley act (set down by dft)
 John Smith's Tadcaster Brewery Co ld v Favell act (Sheffield D.R.)
 Sedgwick v Hawse act without pleadings (set down by order)
 Snell v Harris act
 Sharman v South Londonderry Gold & Exploration Co ld act
 The Life Interest & Reversionary Securities Corpn ld v Hand-in-Hand Fire & Life Insee Soc act
 Neave v Duke of Richmond act
 The Tubeless Pneumatic Tyre, &c, ld v Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Co ld act
 In re A Christie's Trusts & Trustee

Act ptn entered in Witness List
 In re Willis Wilson v Thomson adjd summs treated as act without pleadings
 Kane v T Guest & Co act
 The Vacuum Oil Co v Hollway act
 Audain v Gates act & counter-claim
 Coates v Danes act & m f j
 Halford v Lewinsohn act
 Fanning v Fennessy act
 The Silkstone & Haigh Moor Coal Co ld v Edey act
 Warren v The Invieta Patent Brick, &c, Co ld act
 Lennox v Peters act
 McLeod v Power act for trial (against dft J Power)
 Electric Construction Co ld v Parker act
 Harward v Australian South African Gold Exploration Co ld act
 Renouf v Spalding & Bros act
 Williams v Wheeler act
 Attorney-Gen v Radstock Urban District Council act
 Fuller v Rankin act
 Barton v Beal act & counter-claim
 Vilanova of Domenech v The Olot & Gerona Ry Co ld act
 Armstrong v Croft act & counter-claim
 In re Wilcox Armitage v Pauling act
 Macias v Anglo-American Construction Co ld act
 West v Harper act
 Helios Elektricitats Actien Gesellschaft v Bräulick act
 Lord Hastings v North-Eastern Ry Co act
 The Clerical, Medical & General Life Asso Co v Rogers act & m f j
 In re Robertson & Du Cros' Patent, 19,497 of 1890 and Patents, &c, Acts ptn entered in Witness List (security ordered)
 Harper & Battcock v Lewis act
 Horton v Bedfern act (pleadings to be delivered)
 Paynter v Galindez Bros act & counter-claim
 Howson v Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Co ld act
 Hoskin v Shoobred & Co act
 Shurey v Kinias & Co act
 In re Wannop McCauley v Hodgson act
 Hanan v Lancaster Dramatic Syndicate ld act
 Weed v George act
 Allen v Pyatt & Co act (Birmingham D R)
 Huntly-Gordon v Hall act
 Berghelm v Bryan act & m f j
 Wilson v Lawson act
 Brown v Harley act
 The Velocitan Co of Colmer v Velocitan ld act
 Jones v Koral act
 Gompertz (trading, &c.) v The Credit Reform Assoc act
 Cooke v Ackroyd act
 Peters v Owen act
 Rockliffe v J Priestman & Co act
 Jackson v Rucker act
 Williams v London & North Western Ry Co act
 Wood v Middleton act (remitted from County Court of Whitehaven)
 Colley v Otter act (without pleadings)
 Barker v Oakden act
 Bankes Price v Owen act
 Lloyd v Powell act
 Mansell v Mansell act
 Terry v Brickwell act
 Sleeman v Cragoe act
 Jacobson v Cohen act without pleadings set down by order

English & American Machinery Co
 Id v Hershowitz act
 Bennett v Collins act
 Martin v Martin act
 Northwood v Jordan act
 Catling v Barnett act
 In re W Owen's Patent, No 12,368
 of 1896 petn ordered to go into
 witness list
 Bassett v Graydon act
 Doolette v Coolgardie Mint, &c, Co
 Id act and counter claim
 The City and Home Counties, &c,
 Building Soc v Came act & m f j
 (transferred from Kekewich, J)
 Same v Same act & m f j

Causes for Trial (without witnesses)
 and Adjourned Summonses.

Brougham v Brougham adjd sums
 restored
 Gates v Mott act
 In re Cook & Holland's Contract &
 V & P Act, 1874 adjd sums
 In re The Dominion Brewery Co, Id
 The Consolidated Trust, Id v The
 Dominion Brewery Co, Id adjd
 sums (to come on with action)
 Millett v Millett motn for judgt
 Smith v Forbes adjd sums
 In re Robbins Gill v Warrall
 adjd sums
 Deuchar v Sutherland adjd sums
 (questions on accounts)
 In re The Sovereign Life Assce
 adjd sums (heard for Romer, J)
 In re Dawson Thomas v Simmons
 adjd sums
 In re Fowler Thresher v Fowler
 adjd sums
 In re Leamon Leamon v Leamon
 adjd sums
 In re Round Round v Round
 adjd sums
 In re Gibbs, Thorne v Gibbs adj
 sums
 Perch v The Glyncorrrwg Colliery
 Co Id adjd sums
 In re Tanner, Lamb v Routh adj
 sums
 In re J Jones, Clegg v Ellison adj
 sums
 In re Keck & Hart's Contract & V
 & P Act, 1874 adjd sums
 In re McGuire, Mc Guire v Tyndall
 adjd sums
 The Saccharin Corpt Id v Constan-
 tin, Fahlberg and Wilson, Sala-
 mon & Co Id m f j set down by
 order
 In re Atkinson, Waller v Atkinson
 adjd sums
 In re Edwards, Proctor v Edwards
 adjd sums
 In re The North British Rubber
 Co Id, &c, The Palmer Tyre, Id v
 Dunlop Pneumatic, &c, Co Id
 adjd sums
 In re Ingham Lawes' Chemical
 Manure Co Id v Ingham adjd
 sums
 In re Du Cane & Nettlefold & V &
 P Act, 1874 adjd sums
 Padgett v Todd act & m f j

Further Considerations.

In re J Campbell Bruce v Moore
 fur con
 In re Friend Friend v Young fur
 con
 Levy v Stogdon Rumney v Stog-
 don Rumney v Preston fur
 con
 Clement-Smith v The Provincial
 Variety Theatres Id fur con
 Jacob v Jacob fur con & two adjd
 sums

Before Mr. Justice KEKEWICH.
 Causes for Trial (with witnesses).
 Balston v Medway Paper Mills Co,
 Id act restored pt hd
 Hoe & Co v Foster & Sons act
 (pleadings to be delivered)

Willshaw v Sell, the elder act
 Lovely v Morton act (security
 ordered)
 West v Templer act
 Church v Stuart act
 Hazlitt v Wrexham & Acton Col-
 liery Co Id act
 Wilson v Lubbock act
 Lubbock v Wilson act & motn for
 judgt (advanced by order)
 The Gresham Life Assce Soc Id v
 The Nar Valley Drainage Board
 act (not before Feb 1)
 The Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Co, Id
 v New Seddon Pneumatic Tyre,
 &c, Co Id act
 Beale v Hones act
 Bastard v Bastard act
 In re Smith Bain v Smith act
 (security ordered)
 Henning v York Dramatic Syn-
 dicate, Id act
 Kane v Kane act
 The Aberdare & Plymouth Co, Id v
 Hankey act
 Toppin v Lewis act
 Wilkinson v Leyland act
 In re Hedgcock Rawlinson v
 Hedgcock act
 Brooks v Middlemore act
 Jackson v The Normanby Brick Co
 Id act
 Lanchbury v Bode act
 Redway v The Success Publishing
 Co Id act
 In re Battams & Hutchinson, Solrs,
 &c issue for trial set down by
 order

Attorney-Gen v Siddall act
 Alcock v Pocock act
 Kirby v Armstrong act
 Child v Carlile & Jones act
 Tidmarsh v Hawtin act & counter-
 claim
 Wallis v Barnard act
 Anderson v Sanders act
 Betts v Ballard act without plead-
 ings
 Daubeny v Peters act
 Van Wyk v Van Wyk act without
 pleadings
 Merry v Pownall act
 Davies v Croucher act
 Solly v Waincot act
 In re L'Union Vinicole Id Davis v
 L'Union Vinicole Id act
 Whitehead v Whitehead act
 Attorney-Gen v Lewin act
 Ecclesiastical Commrs for England
 v Earl of Ducie act (not before
 March 1)
 Murgatroyd v Murgatroyd act
 Lindeman v Stray act
 Luttrell v Axminster Rural District
 Council act
 Remus & Temler v H Stevenson &
 Sons act
 Preedy v Mayor, &c of Gloucester
 act
 In re Walker Walker v Smith
 act

Newman v Whaley act & counter-
 claim
 J Muir v L T Edminson act
 Moore v Tomlinson act
 Lord Windsor v T Owen & Co Id
 act
 Ward v Mann act
 In re Grindey Clews v Grindy
 act
 Kennedy v Taylor act
 The Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Co Id
 v New Ixion Tyre & Cycle Co Id
 act
 Hudson v Withall act & m f j
 (transferred from North, J)
 Ashby v Holsworth act
 In re Bagshawes Id & Co's Acts
 motn with witnesses (first motion
 day)
 Lubbock v Salt act & m f j
 Mackerell v Smurthwaite act
 Cuckle v Lutyens act

Brain v Sydney & Crump Meadow
 Collieries Co Id m f j
 Williams v Knill act (Cardiff DR)
 Carpenter v The Dolgelly Urban
 District Council act
 Read v Binden act
 The United British Castor Oil Cold
 v Nat Telephone Co Id act
 Hayward v Brittan act
 In re the Co's Acts, 1862 to 1893,
 and In re The Civil, Naval, &
 Military Outfitters Id motn pt
 hd entered in Witness List by
 order
 Smith v White act & m f j
 Baxter v Middleton act set down
 by order (Jan 18, with an adj
 sums)

Cause for Trial (without witnesses).
 Bone v Bone act

Adjourned summonses.

In re Miller's Patent, No 8,655 of
 1890, & Patents &c Act adjd sums
 In re Hoolahan, infants adjd sums
 Attorney-Gen v Siddall adjd sums
 In re Smith Hocking v Smith adj
 sums
 In re Paget In re Mellor Mellor
 v Mellor adjd sums
 In re Middleton & Baxter & V & P
 Act, 1874 adjd sums (to come on
 with action on Jan 18)
 In re Wood Wood v Wood adj
 sums
 In re The South Campanile
 (Almeira) Iron Ore Co Id Societe
 Miniere de l'Estrague Meridionale
 v South Campanile (Almeira) Iron
 Ore Co Id adjd sums
 In re The same (expts dfts T Morel
 & ore) adjd sums
 In re The same (expte plts) adj
 sums
 In re Gilbert's Trusts adjd sums
 (2)
 In re J Mason's Will adjd sums
 In re Maughan, infants adjd sums
 In re Baker Colvin v Baker adjd
 sums
 In re White Pennell v Franklin
 adjd sums
 Harris v Sleep adjd sums
 In re Prince & Hobb & V & P Act,
 1874 adjd sums
 In re Lilley Nichols v Lilley adjd
 sums (witnesses)
 In re Lowes Lennox v Moore
 adjd sums
 In re Hart Hesse v Hart adjd
 sums
 In re Green Carlyll v Clay adjd
 sums
 Wado-Gery v Handley adjd sums
 In re Ford Bretherton v Thompson
 adjd sums
 In re Budd Dalzell v Anderson
 adjd sums
 In re Meadows Norie v Bennett
 adjd sums
 Further Considerations.
 Meissner v Monte Penna Forest Co,
 Id fur con
 In re Dawson Dawson v Dawson
 fur con

Before Mr. Justice ROMER.

Causes for Trial (with witnesses).
 In re Miller's Patent pt entered
 in Witness List (restored)
 The Lagunas Nitrate Co, Id v
 Lagunas Syndicate, Id act & two
 adjd sums (heard for Byrne, J)
 pt hd (s o till depositions filed)
 A Frankau & Co v Woods act (dft
 dead)
 The Pneumatic Tyre Co, Id v West
 London Rubber, &c, Co, Id act
 In re H J Haddan's Patent—A D
 1892—No 13,614, and Patents,
 &c, Acts petn entered in Wit-
 ness List (Jan 18)

Simon v Powell act
 Schuller v Spanton act
 The Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Co, Id
 v Wackerbath act
 Same Co, Id v Brown Bros act
 (s o until judgt in act of Dunlop,
 &c, Co, Id v Preston, &c, Co, Id)
 Sartoris v Rural, &c, Council of
 Fareham act
 Skipper v Skipper act
 In re Tulip Smith v Ramshaw
 adjd sums entered in witness
 list
 Graydon v Bassett act without
 pleadings
 Thornton v Hunter act & counter
 claim
 Harrop v Mayor, &c, of Onset act
 Stainton v Hornsey act
 Andrews v Cunningham act
 Sykes v Jennings Jennings v
 Sykes Same v Same Same v
 Same acts (consolidated)
 White v Adams act
 Hamilton v Cavendish act
 Hutchinson v Allott act
 H Clark & Sons v Petrocokino
 act
 Petrocokino v H Clark act
 Curtice v General Press Cutting
 Assoc Id act
 Brown v Thorn Thorn v Brown
 act & counter-claim
 Adams v Page act
 Armstrong v Lamb act
 Cardinal v London Agency Id act
 Lee v Gordon, the younger act
 (Leeds D R)
 Lumb v Bailey act
 Beswick-Darley v Myers act
 Farmer v R Lease & Son act
 Davis v Ohrlly act
 Hamerton v Hamerton act
 Board of Management of West
 London School District v Staines
 Urban District Council act
 Chambers v Wood act (Bristol
 D R)
 Payne v Milward act and counter-
 claim
 Gomersall v Gomersall act
 Jones v Warany act & m f j
 Warany v Kressell act (transferred
 from Kekewich, J) advanced by
 order
 J H Hawkins & Co Id v Carrington
 act (Walsall D R)
 Bailey v Barrington (North End
 Cement, Brick, Tile, and Lime)
 Syndicate Id act & m f j
 Star Life Assce Soc v Pepperell act
 Hetley v Webber act
 Ingram v Langley act
 Hauteville v Hauteville act and
 counter-claim
 Newbury v Gibbon act
 Cope v Cope act
 Stogdon v Wilson act
 Knowles v Cohen act
 Sudron v Inches act
 Croft v Gibbs act
 Spottiswoode v Kharaakhonia Ex-
 ploring, &c Syndicate Id act (in
 liquidation)
 Bearman v Ramuz act
 Pullen v British Medicinals Capsules
 Co Id act (pleadings to be de-
 livered)
 In re The Registered Trade-Mark,
 182,688 of W J Rendell, & Patents
 &c Acts motn entered in Witness
 List (advanced by order)
 The Army & Navy Auxiliary Co-
 operative Supply Id v The Auxili-
 ary Stores Id act
 Simmons v Hayward act
 The Fifth Provident City, &c, Build-
 ing Soc v Perkins act
 The Carlsham Spirit Co Id v De
 Galindez act
 Macklin v Elliot act
 Harrison v Wood act
 Cove v Chapple act (transferred
 from Q B Division)

The Royal Baking Powder Co v Wright, Cromley, & Co motn to be treated as m f j without pleadings
 Morgan v Bayllas act & counter-claim
 Edison-Bell Phonograph Corp'n ld v Rigg act
 Rootes v Shead act
 Locket v Hamlyn & Co act
 Wade v Hampton Urban District Council act
 Simpson v The Midland Lace Co ld act
 Incandescent Gas Light Co ld v New Incandescent, &c, Co ld act
 Hoare v National Telephone Co ld act
 In re Fell Beresford v Beresford act & counter-claim
 Bramston v Manchester, Sheffield, &c, Ry Co act
 Davis v The Suseman Electric, &c, Co ld act
 In re Preston Preston v Bonney Booth v Bonney act pt hd restored & adjd summs (heard for Byrne, J)
 Inman v Bishop Inman v G Scott & Co acts (consolidated)
 Brady v Hannan's Gold Estates ld act
 Tempest v Teale act
 Ridlington v Haydon act
 Symonds v Bellman act
 Chevallier v Carter act (advanced by order)
 Smith v Brookes act
 Congreve v North Wales & Liverpool Ry Committee act
 In re Carl Hagenmacher's Patent, No. 10,644 of 1887 and No 13,443 of 1889 petn entered in Witness List
 Silverthorne v Link act
 In re Birch Kent v Pettitt act
 Thomas v Horne act
 Wilson v Insurances Corporation ld act (not before Feb 11)
 Price Fothergill v Urquhart act
 Lewis v Newman act
 Climax Steel Tube Co v Griffiths & Co act
 Hazeldine v Farrant act
 De Witte v Addison act, counter-claim, & m f j
 Levy v Davis act
 Thomas v Penley act
 Barnes v De Montmort act
 Montagu v Gater act
 In re Chard Chard v Chard act
 In re The Marie Rose Gold Mining Co ld & Co's Acts (expte Rawson) motn ordered to go into Witness List
 In re The Same (expte Brand) transferred from Stirling, J.
 In re Bull Wenn v Bull adjd summs entered in Witness List
 In re The Sharkington Combined Pick & Shovel Syndicate ld motn entered in Witness List
 In re Hattersley & Jackson's Patent No 22,928 of 1895 ptn entered in Witness List
 Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Co ld v Reeve act
 Anderson v Anderson act
 Jackson v Horner act without pleadings
 Clarke v Cohen act
 Sulley v Sulley act
 All Soul's College, Oxford v Hazell act
 Mawby v Parker act
 Umpleby v Smith act
 Westwood Manufacturing Co, ld v Scott act (pleadings to be delivered)
 Bates v Chignell act
 C Wilson & Sons v Arden, Hill, & Co act

Dutton & Co (Blackburn ld) v Taylor act
 Crossley v Handsworth Woodhouse, &c, Soc, ld act
 Priestley v Oxley act
 Hobbs v Mills act
 Mayor, &c, of Newcastle on Tyne v Francis act
 Same v Houseman act
 Cheasley v Cheston act
 Chetwynd v Allen act
 Heells v Warriner act
 Scott v Crossley act
 Nat Prov Bank of England ld v Tomlins act
 Ewen v Burnside act
 In re Mallam Mallam v Mallam act
 Roe v Roe act & counter-claim
 Symons v Clarke act
 In re Von Hangwitz Von Hangwitz v Von Hangwitz act
 Pickstock v Earle act
 Garstin (trading, &c) v Stafford act
 Browne v Calnan act
 Becher v Davey act
 Goodwin-Austen v Capital & Counties Bank ld act
 Joyce v Freeman act
 Franklin v Lee act
 In re Hale Lilley v Foad adjd summs ordered to go into Witness List
 Meikle v Curd act
 Roland v Farman act
 Guilford v Hart act
 Harvey v Greig act
 Evelyn v Howard act (without pleadings)
 Jurd v Beardsell motion entered in witness list (first witness day by order)
 P Philpot & Co, ld v Ward act
 Weaver v Jenner act (pleadings to be delivered)
 Baker v Dix & Warlow act
 Hockey v Self-Looking Roofing Tile Co, ld act & motn for judgt
 Everitt v Grout act
 Attorney-Gen v Society Established for Relief, &c of Theatre Royal, Covent Garden act
 Coleman v North act
 Wilkins & Denton v Cruley act

Causes for Trial.
 (Without Witnesses and Adjourned Summonses.)
 In re Seal, one, &c (taxation) adjd summs pt hd
 In re Sykes Sykes v Sykes adjd summs
 In re Hodgson Taylor v Hodgson Hodgson v Hodgson adjd summs (2) not before Jan 20
 In re Murray Murray v Murray adjd summs
 Silverthorne v Link adjd summs
 Paley v Russian Copper Co ld adjd summs
 In re Seymour Luxford v Lefroy adjd summs
 In re Page In re Stuart Stuart v Stuart adjd summs
 In re Atkinson's Estate adjd summs
 In re Peter Robinson Arnold v Robinson adjd summs
 In re Lord Monson's Settled Estates & Settled Land Act adjd summs
 In re Brown Ellis v Brown adjd summs
 In re Henderson Henderson v Henderson adjd summs
 Gregory v Jenkins motn by order
 In re Davis Davis v Metcalfe adjd summs
 In re Ellis Wittaker v Ellis adjd summs

Further Consideration.
 In re Cletheroe Posner v Cletheroe fur con adjd from Chambers

Before Mr. Justice WIGHT.
 (Sitting as an additional Judge of the Chancery Division.)
 Motions.
 Companies (Winding-up).
 W Brock & Son ld (transfer proceedings)
 African Landed Estates Co ld (for discharge of order dated June 21, 1894, as regards applicant)
 London & General Bank ld (to compel attendance of witness)
 London & West of England Contract Co ld (leave to issue writ of attachment)
 Colonial Debenture Corp'n ld (vary order refusing public examn)
 Ormonde Gymnastic Club, ld (for leave to issue writ of attachment)
 Southern Counties Deposit Bank, ld (to appoint liquidator)
 International Commercial Co ld (for committal)
 London & General Bank, ld (committal)
 Veuve Monnier et ses Fils, ld (to enforce delivery of accounts)
 Chancery Division.
 Black v Williams & Victoria Steamboat Assocn, ld (delivery up of possession)

Companies (Winding-up).
 Petitions.
 Joseph Bull, Sons, & Co, ld (petn of M T Shaw & Co)
 Glamorgan Central Permanent Benefit Building Soc (petn of the Co)
 Industrial Securities Investment Co, ld (petn of E A Hamblin)
 Bidasoa Ry & Mines, ld (petn of F Thorn)
 Woolley Coal Co, ld (petn of Yorkshire Banking Co, ld)
 Dawe & Co ld (petn of A Witchurch)
 Candelaria Waterworks & Milling Co ld (petn of J L Whelan & anr)
 Eastern Counties Bacon Factory ld (petn of Lalor and Kindersley)
 Otis Steel Co ld (petn of L Relton)
 G & S Bracknell ld (petn of The Continental Bottle Co)
 South Kent Water Co (petn of J. Oakes & Co)
 Pontypriid Improvements Co ld (petn of P J Dunn & ors)
 (List of Mr. Justice Wright to be completed.)

Before Mr. Justice BYRNE.
 Causes for Trial (with witnesses)
 In re Tiffin Tiffin v Hamilton act restored
 Symons v Wood act (pleading to be delivered)
 Vanderpant v Arnold act restored
 Blandy-Jenkins v Earl of Dunraven act, 18th Jan, after pthd
 Dean v Sercombe, Son, & Co act
 Attorney-Gen v Kirk act
 Pye Smith v Marriott act
 Transferred by Order, dated May 17th, 1897.
 Bulpett v Link act
 Midland Ry Co v Toplias act
 C de Murrieta & Co ld v Galindez act
 Prall v Gann act (deft bankrupt)
 C de Murrieta & Co ld v Galindez act
 Stevenson v Harward act
 Bullivant & Co v Iberian Iron Ore Co ld act
 Green v Hatchett act, counter-claim & m f j, and m f j on counter-claim
 Clark v Sharp & Co act

Martin v O'Driscoll & Co act
 Collins v Cooper act
 Grey v Wallace act
 Birmingham Breweries ld v Jameson act
 Parr v Tompson act
 Sitwell v Worrall act
 Anderson v Manchester, Sheffield, & Lincolnshire Ry Co act restrd
 Snapper v Fox act
 Griffiths v Marquess of Bute act
 In re The Truffault Cycle & Tube Manufacturing Co ld & Co's Acts motn entered in Witness List
 Thomson v Thomson act (not before Jan 18)
 Clarke v Odhams act
 Rice v Rice act, counter-claim, & m f j
 Bower v Browne act
 In re Marriott, Marriott v Marriott act
 Hawthorne v Scott act
 Marquis of Abergavenny v Parsons act
 Ibbetson v Clarkson act
 Bartlett v Spiking & Co act (not before Jan 24)
 Day v Challis act
 Ward v Mayor, &c of Portsmouth act
 Universal Industrial Syndicate ld v Eadie act
 In re Eagle Cardinal v Eagle act
 Tanton v Reeve act
 Brook v Brook act
 Birkinshaw v Hooley act
 Tukeny v Barrett act
 Locock v Fortescue act
 Schroeder v Harris act
 Crip v Swann act (Cambridge D R)
 Ellison v Fawcett act
 Haigh v Colman & Baker act
 Hyndman v Crawford act
 Fielden v Mayor, &c of Morley act
 Mytton v Evans act
 Isaacs v Towell act
 Williamson v Haggas act
 The Home & Colonial Stores ld v World's Tea Co act (not before March 1)
 Brickwell v Faldo act
 Hipkins & Son v Plant act
 L de Rothschild v Miles act
 In re Hughes, Faber v Gye act
 Owen & Co ld v The Barry Ry Co act
 In re Lucas, Govett v Lucas act & two third-party notices of dtf Schwabe
 Brown v Collings act
 Lyons v Oakshette act
 Wackett v Gingell, Son, & Co act
 Attorney-General v Dinas Steam Colliery Co ld act
 Lewin v Hood act
 Abrahams v Partridge act set down by order
 Robertson v Gavin act
 In re Oakley, March v Oakley act
 In re Powell, Powell v Powell act
 Holthouse v Dessau act
 Dessau v Grueber act
 Roberts v Ormond act
 Genn v East Kerrier Rural District Council act
 Bernard v Nash act
 Bateman v Herts act (plt dead)
 Way v Way adjd summs entered in witness list
 Roe v Crews act
 Ecclesiastical Commrs for England v Pinney act
 Fricker v Van Grutten act
 Stepney v Barry Port & Gwendreath Valley Ry Co act
 Fellow v Ohrlly act
 Ryves v Ryves act
 Kingswell v MacAndrew act
 Lake v Archer Burton act

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.—QUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION.

MASTERS IN CHAMBERS FOR HILARY SITTINGS, 1898.

A to F—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, Master Kaye; Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, Master Johnson.
 G to N—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, Master Macdonell; Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, Master Walton.
 O to Z—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, Master Archibald; Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, Master Wilberforce.

A to F—All applications by summons or otherwise in actions assigned to Master Pollock are to be made returnable before him in his own room, No. 173, at 11.30 a.m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

G to N—All applications by summons or otherwise in actions assigned to Master Butler are to be made returnable before him in his own room, No. 112, at 11.30 a.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

O to Z—All applications by summons or otherwise in actions assigned to Master Manley Smith are to be made returnable before him in his own room, No. 114, at 11.30 a.m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

The parties are to meet in the ante-room of Masters' Chambers, and the summonses will be inserted in the printed list for the day after the summonses to be heard before the master sitting in chambers, and will be called over by the attendant on the respective rooms for a first and second time at 11.30, and will be dealt with by the master in the same manner as if they were returnable at chambers.

BY ORDER OF THE MASTERS.

New South Wales Three per Cent. Loan.—The Bank of England will receive on Tuesday next tenders for £1,500,000 New South Wales Three per Cent. Inscribed Stock, payable at par in 1935. The minimum price is fixed at 99 per cent. The interest will be payable half-yearly on the 1st of April and the 1st of October, the first dividend, representing three months' interest, being due on the 1st of April next. The proceeds of the loan are required for railway and other permanent public works.

SOMETHING FOR NOTHING.—When the proprietors of an article of consumption are prepared to send over 1,000,000 free sample tins to those who send a post-card it is fair to assume the vendors must themselves have a pretty good opinion of their speciality; and when in addition they possess sufficient courage to "put up" £5,000 in hard cash to pay for postage of samples it must be evident they have satisfied themselves they possess a good thing, and that it is better to demonstrate practically at the breakfast table than to depend upon mere assurances by advertisement. Dr. Tibbles' Vi-Cocoa (Limited), 60, 61, and 62, Bunhill-row, London, E.C., are sending daily free sample tins of their special preparation to the public, and as a result the sales are going up by leaps and bounds. This style of advertising has the merit of honesty, and that the public appreciate it is shown by the statement that Dr. Tibbles' Vi-Cocoa can now be obtained from grocers, chemists, and stores everywhere, and the trade are unanimous in saying that no preparation of a similar character has ever given equal satisfaction to their customers. To obtain a tin it is only necessary to send a post-card, and the name of SOLICITORS' JOURNAL should be mentioned.—[ADVT.]

FOR THROAT IRRITATION AND COUGH.—"Epps' Glycerine Jujubes" always prove effective. They soften and clear the voice, and are invaluable to all suffering from cough, soreness, or dryness of the throat. Sold only in labelled tins, price 7½d. and 1s. 1½d.—James Epps & Co., Ltd., Homoeopathic Chemists, London.—[ADVT.]

WARNING TO INTENDING HOUSE PURCHASERS AND LESSORS.—Before purchasing or renting a house, have the Sanitary Arrangements thoroughly Examined, Tested, and Reported Upon by an Expert from Messrs. Carter Bros., 65, Victoria-street, Westminster. Fee quoted on receipt of full particulars. (Established 21 years.)—[ADVT.]

THE PROPERTY MART.

RESULT OF SALE.

Messrs. H. E. FOSTER & CRAWFORD held their first Periodical Sale of the year (No. 610) at the Mart, E.C., on Thursday last, the total realised being £15,900. Among the lots sold were the following:

REVERSIONS, &c.			
Absolute to one-fifth of £1,049 2½ per cent. Consols; life 57...	Sold	2	70
To a moiety of £1,175 3½ per cent. Consols	"	385	
The whole of a Trust Fund of about £11,150, half in possession, half in reversion; also, in possession and reversion, five-twenty-fourths of West-end Freeholds, producing £2,768 per annum	"	11,000	
Absolute to one-fourth of £3,583 2½ per cent. Consols; life 66	"	570	
LIFE INTEREST:			
In a moiety of £1,473 per annum; life 29...	"	2,750	
ANNUITY of £20 and Absolute Reversion to Legacy of £500	"	360	
LIFE POLICIES:			
For £500; life 65	"	200	
For £700; life 63	"	350	
For £500; life 63	"	230	

WINDING UP NOTICES.

London Gazette.—FRIDAY, DEC. 31.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

LIMITED IN CHANCERY.

CHESTERFIELD TRAMWAY CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Jan 15, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Mr Samuel Edward Short, 31, Gluman gate, Chesterfield. Jones & Middleton, Chesterfield, solers for liquidator.

GUELPH (COOLGARDIE) GOLD MINE, LIMITED—Peto for winding up, presented Dec 31, directed to be heard on Jan 12. Moakin, 30, St Andrew's hill, soler for petner. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Jan 11.

KEATS BROTHERS, LIMITED—Peto for winding up, presented Dec 23, directed to be heard on Jan 12. Morton & Co, 30, Newgate st, agents for Challinors & Shaw, Leek, solers for petner. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Jan 11.

ORANGE FREE STATE EXPLORATION CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Jan 31, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Edward George Wills, 32, Blomfield House, London wall.

POLAR STAR PROPRIETARY, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Feb 9, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to William Fenton Pugh, 11, Queen Victoria st. Parker & Co, St Michael's Rectory, Cornhill, solers for liquidator.

SALOMON PATENT CARRIAGE WHEEL CO., LIMITED—Peto for winding up, presented Dec 30, directed to be heard on Jan 12. Wyatt & Co, 5 and 6, Clement's inn, Strand, solers for petner. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Jan 11.

THOMAS MARSDEN & CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Jan 31, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Mr Frederick Augustus Hartgroves, 7, Grimshawe st, Burnley. Garnett & Jackson, Burnley, solers for liquidators.

UNITED STATES CHEQUE BANK, LIMITED—Peto for winding up, presented Dec 23, directed to be heard Jan 12. Pascock & Goddard, 3, South sq, Gray's inn, solers for petner. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Jan 11.

WEYMOUTH ATHLETIC GROUND, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Jan 25, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to J Howard Bowen, 1 and 2, Maiden st, Weymouth.

WILLIAMSON & BONS, LIMITED—Peto for winding up, presented Dec 24, directed to be heard on Jan 12. Thatcher, 33, Essex st, Strand, agent for Alleyne & Co, Tounbridge solers for petners. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Jan 10.

COUNTY PALATINE OF LANCASTER.

LIMITED IN CHANCERY.

CARRS MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED—Peto for winding up, directed to be heard on Dec 13, was adjourned, and will be heard on Tuesday, Jan 11, at the Assize Courts, Strangeways, Manchester. Greaves, 41, Corporation st, Manchester, agent for Pownall, Ashton under Lyne, soler for petner. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Jan 15.

FRIENDLY SOCIETY.

SUSPENDED FOR THREE MONTHS.

BRITISH QUEEN FRIENDLY BURIAL SOCIETY, British Queen, Bridge st, St Helena, Lancaster. Dec 30

London Gazette.—TUESDAY, JAN. 4.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

LIMITED IN CHANCERY.

BARNLEY COFFEE TAYNOR CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Feb 15, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to James Gibson, 5, Regent st, Barnley.

BRITISH GOLD FIELDS OF WEST AFRICA, LIMITED—Peto for winding up, presented Dec 22, directed to be heard on Jan 12. Wyatt & Co, 5, Clement's inn, Strand, solers for petner. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Jan 11.

CIRENCESTER WATERWORKS CO., LIMITED (IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION)—All persons having any claim are required, on or before Feb 15, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their claims, to Mullings & Co, solers, Cirencester.

FREUVIAN EXPLORATION SYNDICATE, LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION)—Creditors are required, on or before Feb 21, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to George Andrew Batchelor, 110, Cannon st. Smiles & Co, 15, Bedford row, solers.

SAMUEL BARLOW & CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Feb 12, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Bennett Collier, 86, King st, Manchester. Bullock & Co, Manchester, solers for liquidator.

WATKINS & CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Feb 23, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Edward William Fellgate, 63 and 64, New Broad st. Saunders, Boston House, New Broad st, soler for liquidator.

UNLIMITED IN CHANCERY.

COWES GAS CO.—Creditors are required, on or before Jan 15, to send their names and addresses, and the full particulars of their debts or claims, to W. Halliday, 40, High st, Cowes, I.W. Woodbridge & Wilton, Sandown, I.W., solers for the company.

CREDITORS' NOTICES.

UNDER ESTATES IN CHANCERY.

LAST DAY OF CLAIM.

London Gazette.—TUESDAY, DEC. 14.

BURT, JOHN, VENTNOR, I. W., Brewer Jan 17 Burt v Burt, North, J. Sherlock, Serjeants' inn, Fleet st.

GRAVES, JOHN HALL, Old sq, Lincoln's inn, Barrister-at-Law Jan 15 Mayall v Leigh, Registrar, Manchester Leigh, Manchester

MOSELEY, JOHN, Mytholmroyd, Sowerby, Halifax, York, Worsted Manufacturer Jan 11 Stanfield v Stanfield, Romer, J. Sutcliffe, Hebden Bridge

O'KEY, FREDERICK CHITTENDEN, Gower st, Stockbroker May 7 Hardcastle v O'Key, Stirling, J. West & Co, Cannon st

STANFORTH, JOHN, Onslow gdns, South Kensington Jan 11 Palford v Stanforth, Stirling, J. Jull & Co, Queen Anne's gate, Westminster

London Gazette.—FRIDAY, DEC. 17.

GIBSON, HENRY RICHARD, Claremont, Trinity rd, Tulse hill Jan 17 Macfarlane v Baxendale, Kewwich, J. Martin, Queen st

JOLLIFFE, WILLIAM MONTAGUE HYLTON, Kimberley, Griqualand, South Africa April 1 Jolliffe v Fowler, Romer, J. Fowler, Old Serjeants' inn, Chancery lane

LENAKER, ARTHUR, Frodsham, Cheshire, Solicitor Jan 14 Linaker v Linaker, Registrar, Preston Ascroft, Preston

MORGAN, LLEWELYN ROBERT, Llantwit, Glam, Publican Jan 17 Richards v Morgan, Kewwich, J. Orthbertson, Neath

STOKES, EDWIN, Manchester, Solicitor Jan 14 Storer v Oulton and Storer v Storer, Registrar, Manchester Edgar, Manchester

UNDER 12 & 23 VICT. CAP. 35.

LAST DAY OF CLAIM.

London Gazette.—FRIDAY, DEC. 24.

ANDERSON, JAMES KERR, Sherborne, Hants Jan 25 Procter & Grimes, Princelet st, Spitalfields
 ARMSTRONG, JOHN, Shaftesbury avenue Jan 24 Fox, Paddington
 BLYTON, CHARLES, Kennington Feb 1 Mackrell & Co, Cannon st
 BOARD, SARAH ANNE, Taunton, Somerset Jan 31 J Ruscombe & Co, Bridgwater
 BORROWS, THOMAS, Northwich Jan 22 Dixon, Northwich
 BRYANT, ARTHUR, Dulwich, Butcher Jan 31 Collins & Collins, King William st
 CASTLE, JONATHAN, Handsworth, York Jan 31 Bagshaw & Co, Sheffield
 DROITCH, ANTONIO, Carlisle, Timber Merchant Jan 31 Cook, Cardiff
 ELLIOTT, ELIZABETH, Higher Brixham, Devon Feb 16 Baker & Co, Newton Abbott
 EVANS, MARY ANN, Wimbledon Jan 25 Wainwright & Co, Staple inn
 EVANS, WILLIAM, Llantrissant, Glam, Engine Driver Feb 7 Bradley, Cardiff
 GAGE, TOM, Woolwich Feb 1 Allen & Edwards, Gt Winchester st
 GARNETT, MARY, Hertford Jan 31 Radcliffe & Co, Craven st, Charing Cross
 GOODCHILD, CATHERINE, Hampstead Feb 1 Hanhart, Southampton st, High Holborn
 GOULD, ABIGAIL, Hops, Derby Jan 31 Bagshaw & Co, Sheffield
 GOW-STUART, ROSE ETHEL, Brighton Feb 14 Munns & Longden, Old Jewry
 HICKS, GEORGE MATTHEW, St Leonard's on Sea Jan 31 Russell & Co, New inn, Strand
 HUGGINS, SARAH HOLLOWAY, Hampstead Feb 1 Waltons & Co, Leadenhall st
 HUNTON, JAMES, Hulme, Manchester, Commission Agent Jan 17 Crofton & Co, Manchester
 JONES, WILLIAM HALS GATTY, Glandwr, nr Dolgelly Jan 25 Baker & Nairne, Crosby sq
 KISSMAN, SAMUEL, Devon, Gt Torrington Jan 31 Matthews, Gt Torrington
 MAOER, THOMAS WILLIAM, Leeds Feb 1 Carpenter, Durham
 MARSH, GEORGE, Deepcar, nr Sheffield, Shopkeeper Jan 24 Laycock, Sheffield
 MARSON, SAMUEL, Burslem, nr Rochester Jan 31 Berkeley-Calcott & Co, Lincoln's inn fields
 MERRALL, ALFRED, Haworth, York Jan 27 Weatherhead & Knowles, Bingley
 OLIVER, JOHN JOSIAS CONYBEARE, Guildford Jan 21 Carlisle & Co, New sq, Lincoln's inn
 OSOSKI, DAVID, Bow rd Jan 17 Barnes, West st, Finsbury circus
 OUVRY, MATILDA HANNAH, Lymington Jan 25 Quayle & Ouvry, Arundel st
 OWENS, WILLIAM STEWARD, Sittingbourne, Kent, Wine Merchant Jan 17 Winch & Co, Sittingbourne
 PLOWMAN, SARAH EMILY, Anerley Park Jan 31 Phelps & Co, Aldermanbury

PLUNKETT, MERRICK SHAW, Flint, Rhyl Jan 31 Gamlin & Williams, Rhyl
 PHILLIPS, ALFRED RICHARD, Rhyl, Flint Jan 31 Gamlin & Williams, Rhyl
 PRESTON, the Rev THOMAS, Cambridge Feb 8 Cobbold & Co, Ipswich
 RHODES, WILLIAM SUNDERLAND, Morley, Yorks, Woollen Manufacturer Feb 1 Scatcherd & Co, Leeds
 RICHARDSON, WILLIAM, Cutlery Manufacturer, Sheffield Jan 22 Simpson, Sheffield
 SCHOLLES, EDWARD FLETCHER, Morley, Yorks, Cloth Manufacturer Feb 1 Scatcherd & Co, Leeds
 SOMERSET, HENRY, Halfway, nr Newbury, Berks Jan 25 Loader, Mark lane
 TABB, ANN, Clapham Jan 31 Yarde & Loader, Raymond bldgs
 TABB, JAMES, Clapham Jan 31 Yarde & Loader, Raymond bldgs
 TERRY, THOMAS HENRY CLARKE, Walton on Thames March 1 Woodroffe & Burgess, New sq, Lincoln's inn
 WARBURTON, ANNA, Pateley Bridge, York Dec 31 Calvert & Son, Masham
 WOOD, THOMAS BOLFE, Sittingbourne, Kent, Boot Maker Jan 17 Winch & Co, Sittingbourne

London Gazette.—TUESDAY, DEC. 28.

APLIN, FREDERICK CHARLES, Bodicote, nr Banbury, Oxford, Solicitor Jan 31 F J & G J Braikentide, Bartlett's bldgs
 BORDASS, JAMES, Gt Driffield, York, Chemist Jan 31 Brigham, Gt Driffield
 BRUNT, JOSEPH, Bristol, Licensed Victualler Feb 10 Tarr & Arkell, Bristol
 CORNISH, WILLIAM ROBERT, C I E, Worthing Jan 31 Ramsden & Co, Leadenhall st
 FRANKLIN, FREDERICK, Exeter Feb 28 Burch & Son, Exeter
 FRANKLIN, MARY ANN, Exeter Feb 28 Burch & Son, Exeter
 GELL, THOMAS, Manchester Jan 22 Nadin, Manchester
 JOSEPH, ISAAC, Hackney rd, Clothier Jan 22 Coburn, Leadenhall st
 LAMBERT, DANIEL ALBERT, Battersea Jan 22 Jones, High Holborn
 MCKELER, ROBERT, Hove, Sussex Jan 27 Sauls, Brighton
 NOBLE, ELIZABETH, Oppidians rd, Primrose Hill Jan 22 Twist, Bedford row
 PICKUP, MARY, Thornham, Lancs Jan 31 Lees, Birkenhead
 PRYCE, LAURA GRISMOND, Newtown, Montgomery Jan 31 N H Smith, Coleman st
 RICHARDS, JAMES, Kingston upon Hull, Hay Dealer Feb 18 Middlemiss & Pearce, Kingston upon Hull
 SCHAFER, JEROME HENRY, Bloomsbury, Coffee House Keeper Jan 22 Jones, High Holborn
 STOVERS, ANN FRANCES, Epsom Jan 31 Bridgman & Wilcocks, College hill
 WALKER, MARTHA, Wakefield Jan 14 Stonehouse, Wakefield
 WOOLDRIDGE, AUGUSTA MARY, Patcham, Sussex Feb 1 Sterry, Surbiton

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

London Gazette.—FRIDAY, DEC. 31.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

BRIGGS, JOHN, Workeington, Cumberland, Grocer Cocker-mouth Pet Dec 24 Ord Dec 24
 DAVIDSON, JOHN ANDREW, Low Harker, nr Carlisle, Farmer Carlisle Pet Dec 29 Ord Dec 29
 HALLIWELL, EDWARD, Blackburn, General Dealer Blackburn Pet Dec 23 Ord Dec 23
 HARVEY, HARRY, Ipswich, Ham Dealer Ipswich Pet Dec 23 Ord Dec 23
 HIGGS, SAMUEL, Stratford, Essex, Licensed Victualler High Court Pet Dec 28 Ord Dec 28
 MARSH, LOUIS FREDERICK MOSES, Bournemouth High Court Pet Dec 24 Ord Dec 24
 MORGAN, W E, Chancery lane, Public house Broker High Court Pet Dec 24 Ord Dec 24
 SHEPHERD, ALFRED, Rhyl, Flint, Upholsterer Bangor Pet Dec 6 Ord Dec 29

FIRST MEETINGS.

DICKSON, JOHN GEORGE, Durham, Cowkeeper Jan 7 at 3 Off Rec, 25, John st, Sunderland
 HIGGS, SAMUEL, Stratford, Licensed Victualler Jan 7 at 2.30 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 HOUGHTON, WILLIAM HENRY, Burnley, Grocer Jan 7 at 2.30 Off Rec, Byrom st, Manchester
 JONES, FREDERIC TOPHAM, Niton, I of W, Hotel Proprietor Jan 8 at 3 Off Rec, Newport, I of W
 MARSH, LOUIS FREDERICK MOSES, Bournemouth Jan 7 at 11 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 MORGAN, W E, Chancery lane, Public house Broker Jan 7 at 12 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 PORRITT, JOSEPH, ALBERT PORRITT, and MARSHALL PORRITT, Hunstlet, Leeds, Yarn Spinners Jan 12 at 11 Off Rec, 22, Park row, Leeds
 SEELY, THOMAS WILLIAM, Newmarket, Builder Jan 9 at 10 Off Rec, 5, Petty Cur, Cambridge
 SHELTON, THOMAS, Llanwrwg, Montgomery, Schoolmaster Feb 10 at 10.30 1, High st, Newtown
 SINCLAIR, EDWARD, North Coton, Yorks, Clerk Jan 17 at 11.30 Court house, Northallerton
 WEEKS, WILLIAM, Eastmeon, Hants, Farmer Jan 7 at 3 Off Rec, Cambridge Junction, High st, Portsmouth
 WILDMAN, E, Hammer Smith Jan 7 at 12 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st

ADJUDICATIONS.

BARDEKER, EUGEN, Golden lane, Walking Stick Manufacturer High Court Pet Nov 18 Ord Dec 23
 BECKETT, CHARLES ROGER, Dalton in Furness, Timber Merchant Ulverston Pet Dec 3 Ord Dec 23
 BETTS, JAMES, St Peter's, Kent, Schoolmaster Canterbury Pet Dec 2 Ord Dec 23
 BRIGGS, JOHN, Workeington, Cumbria, Grocer Cocker-mouth Pet Dec 23 Ord Dec 24
 DAVIDSON, JOHN ANDREW, Low Harker, nr Carlisle, Farmer Carlisle Pet Dec 28 Ord Dec 29

GIBBS, ERNEST WILLIAM CECIL, Tulce hill High Court Pet Nov 15 Ord Dec 24
 GIBBS, FREDERICK THOMAS MEADE, Kilburn High Court Pet Nov 15 Ord Dec 24
 HALLIWELL, EDWARD, Blackburn, General Dealer Blackburn Pet Dec 23 Ord Dec 23
 HARVEY, HARRY, Ipswich, Ham Dealer Ipswich Pet Dec 23 Ord Dec 23
 HAYDON, EMILY KATE, I of Thanet, Kent, Blacksmith Canterbury Pet Dec 7 Ord Dec 23
 KING, FREDERICK JAMESON, Kingston upon Hull, Corn Merchant Kingston upon Hull Pet Nov 1 Ord Dec 21
 MACKAY, DONALD, Folkestone, Boarding house Keeper Canterbury Pet Dec 20 Ord Dec 23
 MARSH, LOUIS FREDERICK MOSES, Baronfield rd, St Margaret's High Court Pet Dec 24 Ord Dec 24
 READ, CHARLES, Peckham rd, Licensed Victualler High Court Pet Dec 1 Ord Dec 23
 STICKINGS, JAMES, Peckham High Court Pet Sept 24 Ord Dec 23
 TUCKER, JOSEPH, Crowhurst, Sussex, Farmer Oxford Pet Nov 24 Ord Dec 23

ADJUDICATION ANNULLED.

CHILD, PRINCE FREDERICK CHARLES, Leeds, Clerk Leeds Adjud March 28, 1895 Annul Dec 13, 1897

London Gazette.—TUESDAY, JAN. 4.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

BAMFORTH, GEORGE, Slaithwaite, York, Plasterer Huddersfield Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 BARNETT, ISABELLA, Cardiff, Jeweller Cardiff Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 BRINKWORTH, FRANK, Neath, Glam, Fish Dealer Neath Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 BROADHURST, HERMAN STREED, Staincliffe, nr Dewsbury, Mattress Maker Dewsbury Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 BROWN, ZEPHANIAH MATTHEW, Leamington Spa Warwick Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 BURGESS, H M, Altrincham, Wholesale Provision Dealer, Manchester Pet Dec 4 Ord Dec 30
 BUTLER, JOHN WILLIAM TAO, Shrewsbury, Salop, Leather Merchant Shrewsbury Pet Jan 1 Ord Dec 31
 EVANS, WILLIAM JOHN, Bala, Merioneths, Watchmaker Wrexham Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 HOBSON, WILLIAM, Woolfold, Bury Bolton Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 HOWARD, WILLIAM, Crews, Butcher Nantwich Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 KESSELY, CHARLES HENRY, and GEORGE KESSELY, Leeds, Woollen Manufacturers Leeds Pet Dec 16 Ord Dec 31
 KNIGHT, JOSEPH JOHN, Brixham, Devon, Fisherman Plymouth Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 LACY, WILLIAM, Burnley Burnley Pet Dec 10 Ord Dec 31
 LAMOND, CORDELIA WARDE, Hotel Cecil High Court Pet Nov 15 Ord Dec 23

LEASE, HOWARD HOOPER, Blackheath, Insurance Agent High Court Pet Nov 6 Ord Dec 29
 LEDWIDGE, DAVID, Leeds, Grocer Leeds Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 MARSH, HENRY, Southsea, Hants, Wholesale Fruiterer Portsmouth Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 MATTHEWS, JANE RYMER, Almondsbury, Gloucester Bristol Pet Dec 11 Ord Dec 30
 MOSES, GEORGE, Orchard Bishop, Devon, Farmer Exeter Pet Dec 17 Ord Dec 31
 NASH, WILLIAM JOHN, Waltham Cross, Hertford, Licensed Victualler Edmonton Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 PECKETT, FREDERICK, Featherstone, Yorks, Draper Barnsley Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 RADFORD, GEORGE WILLIAM, Southampton row, Law Clerk Cambridge Pet Jan 1 Ord Jan 1
 REVELL, ERNEST ALBERT, Alcester, Staffs, Painter Fylmouth Pet Dec 24 Ord Dec 24
 RICHARDS, HARRY, Landport, Hants, Tobacconist Portsmouth Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 RIDGEN, ELIZABETH HADLEY, Leicester, Ladies' Outfitter Leicester Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 RING, DANIEL EDWY, Yeovil, General Grocer Yeovil Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 ROSEMAN, AARON ERNEST, Dowdals, Furniturs Dealer Merthyr Tydfil Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 SEVENS, JOHN, Kendal, Fish Merchant Kendal Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 SKATER, HENRY, Gt Grimsby, Blacksmith Gt Grimsby Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 SMITH, ARTHUR, Bradford Bradford Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 SOWERBY, GEORGE, Lamington, Northumberland Newcastle on Tyne Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 STOTHARD, THOMAS SINDERS, Blyth, Nottingham, Farrier Sheffield Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 UTLEY, WILLIE WALTER, Sowerby Bridge, Yorks, Hatter Halifax Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 VINCENT, CHARLES HENRY, Haverhill, Suffolk, Solicitor Cambridge Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 WHALES, JOSEPH, Porthill, nr Burslem, Builder Hanley Pet Dec 14 Ord Dec 30
 WHEELWRIGHT, THOMAS AMPLETT, Leicester, Grocer Leicester Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 WHITLOCK, FREDERICK BULSTRODE, Nottingham, Branch Bank Manager Nottingham Pet Dec 9 Ord Dec 31
 WILKINSON, ALFRED, and JOSEPH SPENCER, Bradford Bradford Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 WOOD, JOHN MAKINSON, Ingol, nr Preston, Corn Merchant Preston Pet Dec 17 Ord Dec 31
 WOODWARD, JAMES ADAM, Southshore, Blackpool, Surveyor Preston Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 WOOLAST, WILLIAM, Gt Yarmouth, Twine Spinner Gt Yarmouth Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31

Amended notices substituted for those published in the London Gazette of Dec 25:

SHERWOOD, THOMAS, Manchester, Accountant Manchester Pet Dec 23 Ord Dec 23
 WALL, OSCAR, Rusholme, Manchester Manchester Pet Dec 23 Ord Dec 23

FIRST MEETINGS.

ANTHONY, JOHN, Chesterfield, Innkeeper Jan 11 at 4 Angel Hotel, Chesterfield
 ARBUTHNOT, JOSEPH, Cannock, Staffs, Greengrocer Jan 12 at 11 Off Rec, Walsall
 ARTHUR, ARTHUR, Whitaker, and JAMES HALLIDAY, Sledon, Yorks, Worsted Manufacturers Jan 14 at 10 Off Rec, 31, Manor row, Bradford
 CASTLE, FRANK, Sandown, I.W., Ironmonger Jan 14 at 19 Chamber of Commerce, 145, Cheapside
 CANTER, NELSON, Spelling, Sutton Coldfield, Bank Manager Jan 13 at 11 174, Corporation st, Birmingham
 CHICK, JOHN HENRY, Mildenhall, Suffolk, Shopkeeper Jan 23 at 11.30 Angel Hotel, Bury St Edmunds
 DAVIDSON, JOHN ANDREW, Low Harker, nr Carlisle, Farmer Jan 18 at 12 Off Rec, 34, Fisher st, Carlisle
 ELLIS, FREDERICK GEORGE WILLIAM, Gateshead, Durham, Draper Jan 13 at 11 Cooper & Co, 145, Cheapside
 FAYCETT, CHARLES ARTHUR, Dewsbury Jan 13 at 11 Off Rec, 22, Park row, Leeds
 FISH, WILLIAM HENRY, Jun., Lowestoft Jan 11 at 10.30 Lovewell Blake, South Quay, Great Yarmouth
 FRASER, WILLIAM FAIRBAIRN, Bootle, Lancs, General Merchant Jan 12 at 12 Off Rec, 35, Victoria st, Liverpool
 HALLIWELL, EDWARD, Blackburn, General Dealer Jan 12 at 11 County Court house, Blackburn
 HARRY, HARRY, Ipswich, Ham Dealer Jan 12 at 2 Off Rec, 35, Princes st, Ipswich
 HOBSON, WILLIAM, Woolfold, Bury Jan 13 at 11 16, Wood st, Bolton
 HUDSON, CHARLES, Walsall, Postman Jan 12 at 11.30 Off Rec, Walsall
 HYDE, FREDERICK, Aston, Birmingham, Wholesale Fruiterer Jan 14 at 11 174, Corporation st, Birmingham
 IVEY, ERNEST ALBERT, Bradford, Carrier Jan 12 at 12 Off Rec, 31, Manor row, Bradford
 JOHN, JOSEPH, Bettws, nr Bridgend, Collier Jan 13 at 11.30 Off Rec, 29, Queen st, Cardiff
 JORDAN, ALFRED JOHN, Brighton, Carrier Jan 11 at 12 Off Rec, 4, Pavilion bldgs, Brighton
 KERSLEY, CHARLES HENRY, and GEORGE KERSLEY, Leeds, Woolen Manufacturers Jan 12 at 12 Off Rec, 22, Park row, Leeds
 LAMBON, CORDILLA WARDE, Hotel Cecil Jan 11 at 12 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 LEASE, HOWARD HOOPER, Blackheath, Insurance Agent Jan 11 at 11 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 LUCAS, JOSEPH, Wollaston, Northampton, Engineer Jan 11 at 11 County Court bldgs, Sheep st, Northampton
 MILLICHAPE, ROBERT GEORGE, Weston Beggard, Herefords, Farmer Jan 11 at 11 2, Offs at, Hereford
 MORTIMORE, ANDREW GEORGE, Kingstington, Devon, Grocer Jan 13 at 10.30 Off Rec, 13, Bedford circus, Exeter
 MORTINGALE, FREDERICK RICHARD, and JOHN NIGHTINGALE, Heaton, Newcastle on Tyne, Hairdressers Jan 14 at 11.30 Off Rec, 30, Mosley st, Newcastle on Tyne
 NORTH, ALFRED, West Bromwich, Baker Jan 14 at 2.5 County Court, West Bromwich
 PHARAOH, HENRY CHAMBERLAIN, Streatham, Builder Jan 13 at 3.30 24, Railway app, London Bridge
 PRIESTLEY, MARION, Wibsey, Bradford, Innkeeper Jan 13 at 3.30 Off Rec, 31, Manor row, Bradford
 PUGH, WILLIAM, Michaelchurch Escley, Herefords, Innkeeper Jan 11 at 1 2, Offs at, Hereford
 RALL, ERNEST WILLIAM HENRY, Southsea, Hants, Surgeon Jan 11 at 3 Off Rec, Cambridge Junction, High st, Portsmouth
 SCALFE, THOMAS ROBERT, Bridlington, Butcher Jan 12 at 11 Off Rec, 74, Newborough, Scarborough
 SEAR, WILLIAM RICHARD, Harpole, Northampton, Innkeeper Jan 11 at 10.30 County Court bldgs, Sheep st, Northampton
 SHAW, CHARLES, Sherwood, Notts, Gardener Jan 11 at 12 Off Rec, 4, Castle pl, Park st, Nottingham
 SMITH, WILLIAM HENRY, Smethwick, Warwick Jan 14 at 2 County Court, West Bromwich
 STARKINS, SARAH, Martham, Norfolk, Laundress Jan 11 at 10.30 Lovewell Blake, South Quay, Great Yarmouth
 TABERER, AUSTIN, Derby, Plater Jan 11 at 2.30 Off Rec, 40, St Mary's gate, Derby
 THORP, CHARLES MORRIS, Crawley, Sussex Jan 11 at 3 Off Rec, 4, Pavilion bldgs, Brighton
 TUCKER, JOSEPH, Crowhurst, Sussex, Farmer Jan 11 at 3 1, St Aldate's, Oxford
 WATKINSON, THOMAS, Woodlesford, Yorks, Farmer Jan 13 at 11 Off Rec, 6, Bond ter, Wakefield
 WAUGH, ROBERT, Cardiff, Commission Agent Jan 13 at 11 Off Rec, 20, Queen st, Cardiff
 WEBB, ELIZABETH, Oxford Jan 11 at 12 1, St Aldate's, Oxford
 WELLS, MORRIS, Pontypridd, Glam, Commission Agent Jan 13 at 12 65, Highest, Merthyr Tydfil
 WHEELWRIGHT, THOMAS AMPHLETT, Leicester, Grocer Jan 11 at 12.30 Off Rec, 1, Berridge st, Leicester
 WOOLLEY, WILLIAM, Great Yarmouth, Twine Spinner Jan 11 at 10.40 Lovewell Blake, South Quay, Great Yarmouth

ADJUDICATIONS.

ADLINGTON, JOSEPH MENARI, Tunstall, Staffs, Schoolmaster Hanley Pet Feb 5 Ord Dec 23
 BAWFORTH, GEORGE, Slaithwaite, York, Plasterer Huddersfield Pet Dec 21 Ord Dec 31
 BRINKWORTH, FRANK, Neath, Fish Dealer Neath Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 BROADBURN, HERMAN STEDD, Staincliffe, nr Dewsbury, Mattress Maker Dewsbury Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 BROWN, ZEPHANIAH MATTHEW, Leamington Warwick Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 COYNE, HAROLD, CHRISTIAN DENNIS COYNE, and ARTHUR COYNE, King st, Cheapside, Bootmakers High Court Pet Dec 15 Ord Dec 20
 CRABE, THOMAS, West Norwood, Builder High Court Pet Nov 22 Ord Dec 31

DICKSON, JOHN GEORGE, Durham, Cowkeeper Durham Pet Oct 26 Ord Dec 30
 EVANS, WILLIAM JOHN, Bala, Merioneths, Watchmaker Wrexham Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 FRASER, WILLIAM FAIRBAIRN, Bootle, Lancs, General Merchant Liverpool Pet Nov 29 Ord Dec 31
 HOBSON, WILLIAM, Woolfold Bury, Lancs Bolton Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 31
 HOWARD, WILLIAM, Crews, Butcher Nantwich Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 INGLETON, FREDERICK BRUCE, Newport, Mon, Commission Agent Newport, Mon Pet Dec 13 Ord Dec 30
 KNIGHT, JOSEPH JOHN, Brixham, Devon, Fisherman Plymouth Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 LEASE, HOWARD HOOPER, Victoria st, Insurance Agent High Court Pet Nov 8 Ord Jan 1
 LEDWIDGE, DAVID, Leeds, Grocer Leeds Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 MARSH, HENRY, Southsea, Wholesale Fruiterer Portsmouth Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 MORRIS, WARTON EDGAR, Chancery lane, Public house Broker High Court Pet July 6 Ord Dec 30
 MORRIS, GEORGE, Morebath Bishop, Devon, Farmer Exeter Pet Dec 17 Ord Dec 31
 OWEN, BENJAMIN, Wrexham, Builder Wrexham Pet Nov 5 Ord Dec 30
 OWEN, RICHARD, Bryngwyn, Anglesey, Licensed Victualler Bangor Pet Dec 21 Ord Dec 30
 PACKITT, FREDERICK, Barnsley, Yorks, Draper Barnsley Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 31
 PHILBRICK, HORACE, Southampton, Solicitor Southampton Pet Nov 8 Ord Dec 31
 FITTMAN, THOMAS, Minorities High Court Pet Aug 10 Ord Dec 29
 POYNTON, RICHARD HERBERT, Smisby, Derby, Butcher Burton on Trent Pet Nov 23 Ord Jan 1
 PRICE, FRANK, Liverpool, Grocer Liverpool Pet Oct 22 Ord Dec 30
 RADFORD, GEORGE WILLIAM, Southampton row, Law Clerk Cambridge Pet Jan 1 Ord Jan 1
 REVELL, ERNEST ALBERT, Alrewas, Stafford, Painter Plymouth Pet Dec 23 Ord Dec 30
 RICHARDS, HARRY, Landport, Tobaccoist Portsmouth Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 RIGDEN, ELIZABETH HADLEY, Leicester, Ladies' Outfitter Leicester Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 RING, DANIEL EDWY, Yeovil, General Grocer Yeovil Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 ROSEMAN, ABRAHAM ERNEST, Dowlaish, Furniture Dealer Merthyr Tydfil Pet Dec 29 Ord Dec 30
 SEVERNS, JOHN, Kendal, Fish Merchant Kendal Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 SHELTON, THOMAS, Llanwrog, Schoolmaster Newtown Pet Dec 21 Ord Jan 1
 SHERWOOD, THOMAS, Manchester, Accountant Manchester Pet Dec 22 Ord Dec 30
 SHEPHERD, ALFRED, Rhyll, Flint, Upholsterer Bangor Pet Nov 25 Ord Dec 31
 SIMPSON, CHARLES, Walworth, Salesman High Court Pet Nov 13 Ord Dec 30
 SLATER, HENRY, Great Grimsby, Blacksmith Great Grimsby Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 SMITH, ARTHUR, Bradford, Grocer's Manager Bradford Pet Dec 24 Ord Dec 31
 SOWERBY, GEORGE, Lamington, Northumberland, Company Managing Director Newcastle on Tyne Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 STARKINS, SARAH, Martham, Norfolk, Laundress Gt Yarmouth Pet Dec 1 Ord Jan 1
 STOTHARD, THOMAS SINDERS, Blyth, Nottingham, Farmer Sheffield Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31
 UTLEY, WILLIE WALTER, Sowerby Bridge, Yorks, Hatter Halifax Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 VINE, BENJAMIN, Eastbourne, Laundry Keeper Eastbourne Pet Dec 16 Ord Dec 30
 WHEELWRIGHT, THOMAS AMPHLETT, Leicester, Grocer Leicester Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 WOODWARD, JAMES ADAM, South Shore, Blackpool, Surveyor Preston Pet Dec 30 Ord Dec 30
 WOOLLEY, WILLIAM, Gt Yarmouth, Twine Spinner Gt Yarmouth Pet Dec 31 Ord Dec 31

Amended notice substituted for that published in the London Gazette of Aug. 31 :

STOCKEY, HENRY HEATHER HARRISON, Central Markets, Butcher High Court Pet July 23 Ord Aug 19

All letters intended for publication in the "Solicitors' Journal" must be authenticated by the name of the writer.

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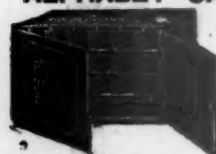
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